

# BERITA RESMI STATISTIK

## Provinsi DKI Jakarta *DKI Jakarta Province*

Optimis Membangun Negeri

Inflasi Tahunan Jakarta Melandai Pada Mei 2023/*Jakarta Annual Inflation Calming Down In May 2023*

Perkembangan Jumlah Kunjungan Wisman ke Jakarta bulan April 2023/*Development of the Number of Foreign Tourists Visiting Jakarta in April 2023*

TPK Hotel Bintang Jakarta Turun saat Momen Ramadan dan Libur Lebaran/*Jakarta Star Hotel Occupancy Rate Falls during Ramadan and Eid Holidays Moments*

India Menjadi Pangsa Pasar Baru Logam Mulia dan Perhiasan/Permata/*India Becomes a New Market Share for Precious Metals and Jewelery/Gems*

Impor Daging Hewan Melonjak di tengah Penurunan Kinerja Impor/*Imports of Meats and edible meat offal Soar Amid Imports Decline*

**JUNI 2023/  
JUNE 2023**



# BERITA RESMI STATISTIK

## Provinsi DKI Jakarta *DKI Jakarta Province*

### Optimis Membangun Negeri

Inflasi Tahunan Jakarta Melandai Pada Mei 2023/*Jakarta Annual Inflation Calming Down In May 2023*

Perkembangan Jumlah Kunjungan Wisman ke Jakarta bulan April 2023/*Development of the Number of Foreign Tourists Visiting Jakarta in April 2023*

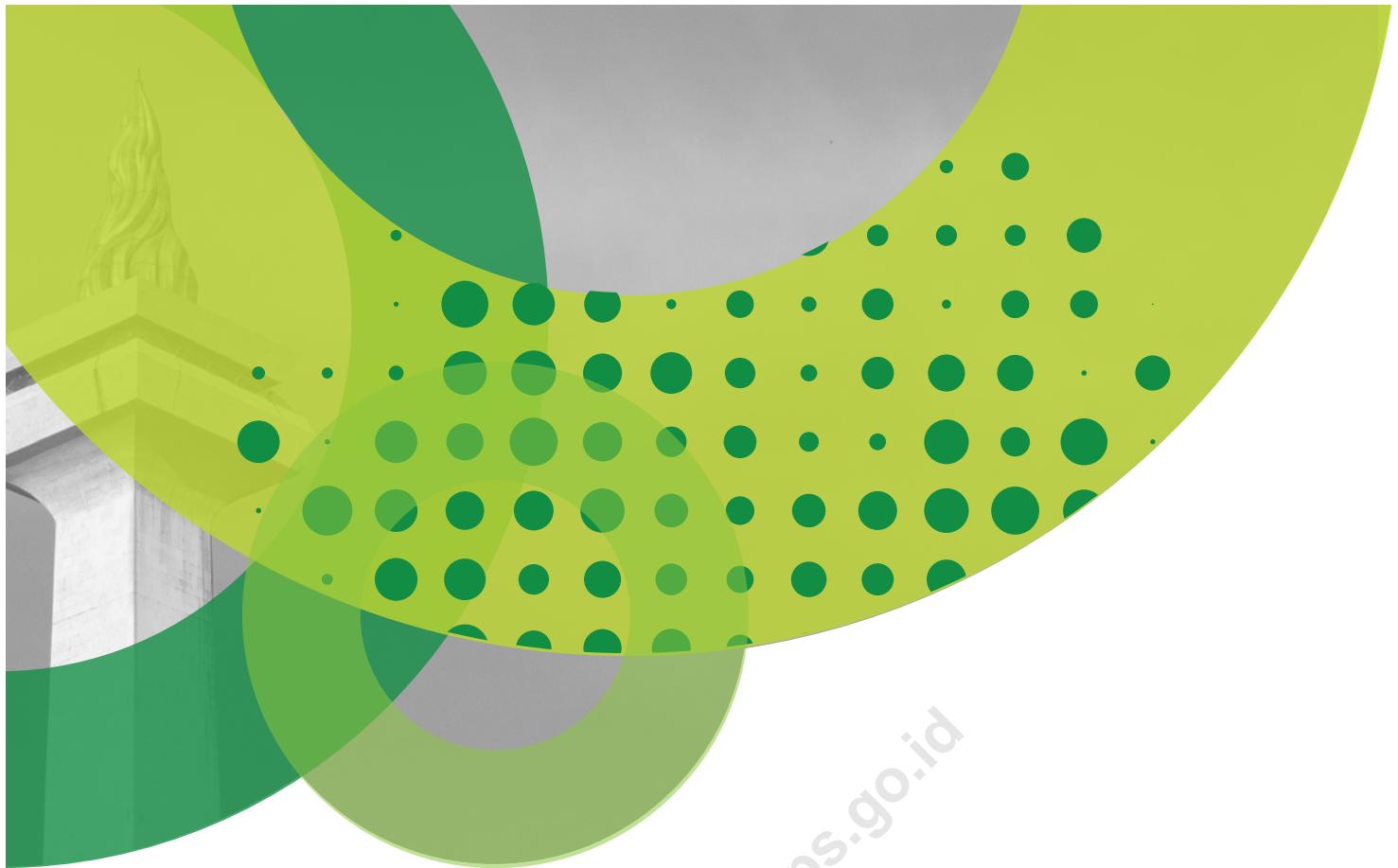
TPK Hotel Bintang Jakarta Turun saat Momen Ramadan dan Libur Lebaran/*Jakarta Star Hotel Occupancy Rate Falls during Ramadan and Eid Holidays Moments*

India Menjadi Pangsa Pasar Baru Logam Mulia dan Perhiasan/Permata/*India Becomes a New Market Share for Precious Metals and Jewelery/Gems*

Impor Daging Hewan Melonjak di tengah Penurunan Kinerja Impor/*Imports of Meats and edible meat offal Soar Amid Imports Decline*

**JUNI 2023/  
JUNE 2023**





## BERITA RESMI STATISTIK PROVINSI DKI JAKARTA JUNI 2023

***Official Statistics News of DKI Jakarta Province June 2023***

ISSN: 2797-0183

No. Publikasi/Publication Number: 31000.2316

Katalog /Catalog: 1103002.31

Ukuran Buku/Book Size: 17,6 cm x 25 cm

Jumlah Halaman/Number of Pages : iv + 56 halaman/pages

Naskah/Manuscript:

BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta

*BPS-Statistics of DKI Jakarta Province*

Penyunting/Editor:

BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta

*BPS-Statistics of DKI Jakarta Province*

Gambar Kover/Cover Design:

BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta

*BPS-Statistics of DKI Jakarta Province*

Diterbitkan oleh/Published by:

©BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta/*BPS-Statistics of DKI Jakarta Province*

Dicetak oleh/Printed by:

BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta/*BPS-Statistics of DKI Jakarta Province*

Diperkenankan mengumumkan, mendistribusikan, mengomunikasikan, dan/atau menggandakan sebagian atau seluruh isi buku ini untuk tujuan komersil dengan mencantumkan sumber dari Badan Pusat Statistik.

*Permitted to announce, distribute, communicate, and/or copy part or all of this book for commercial purpose by citing the source from BPS-Statistics Indonesia.*

## Kata Pengantar

Publikasi Berita Resmi Statistik (BRS) BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta Juni 2023 ini merupakan kumpulan dari BRS yang secara rutin dirilis oleh BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta pada bulan Juni 2023 kepada publik. Dalam publikasi ini disajikan data indikator terkini Provinsi DKI Jakarta seperti inflasi, kunjungan wisatawan, tingkat penghunian kamar hotel berbintang, perkembangan ekspor dan perkembangan impor. Publikasi ini diharapkan dapat memberikan gambaran kondisi faktual Provinsi DKI Jakarta dan dimanfaatkan seoptimal mungkin oleh para pengguna data dan para pemangku kepentingan.

Kepada semua pihak baik instansi pemerintah maupun swasta yang telah memberikan perhatian dan bantuan dalam pengumpulan data, dengan ini disampaikan penghargaan dan ucapan terima kasih yang sebesar-besarnya. Meskipun publikasi ini telah disiapkan dengan sebaik-baiknya, dan telah diupayakan berbagai perbaikan dalam setiap edisinya, tetapi tidak tertutup kemungkinan masih ditemukan kesalahan/kekurangan. Karena itu, saran dan kritik untuk perbaikan selanjutnya sangat kami hargai dan semoga publikasi ini dapat bermanfaat.

Jakarta, 5 Juni 2023

PLT Kepala BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta,



Dwi Paramita Dewi

## Preface

The publication of the Statistical Press Release of DKI Jakarta Province June 2023 is a compilation of Statistical Press Release which routinely released by Statistics of DKI Jakarta Province in June 2023 to the public. This publication presents the latest indicator data for DKI Jakarta Province, such as inflation, tourist visits, room occupancy rates of star hotel, development of exports and imports. This publication is expected to provide an overview of the factual conditions of DKI Jakarta Province and be utilized optimally by users and stakeholders.

To all parties, both government and private institutions who have given attention and assistance in data collection, hereby we express greatest appreciation and gratitude. Although this publication has been well prepared, and various improvements have been made every edition, it is possible that errors/deficiencies are still found. Therefore, suggestions and critics for further improvements are greatly appreciated and hopefully this publication can be useful.

Jakarta, June 5<sup>th</sup> 2023

Acting Official Head of BPS-Statistics of DKI  
Jakarta Province,



Dwi Paramita Dewi

**Perkembangan Indeks Harga  
Konsumen DKI Jakarta/  
*Development of Customer Price  
Index in DKI Jakarta***



<https://jakartainflation.id>



**Inflasi Tahunan Jakarta Melandai  
Pada Mei 2023**

*Jakarta Annual Inflation Calming Down In May 2023*



Sepanjang Mei 2023, inflasi tahun ke tahun (yoy) di Ibu Kota terpantau turun. Koreksi harga pasca lebaran dan melimpahnya persediaan barang dan jasa mendorong inflasi tahunan (yoy) di Jakarta kembali terdepresiasi. Melanjutkan penurunan inflasi sejak Maret 2023 lalu, pada bulan ini juga terjadi penurunan inflasi. Penurunan tersebut merupakan penurunan ketiga sepanjang lima bulan pertama tahun 2023.

Inflasi tahunan (yoy) Jakarta tercatat 3,52 persen, turun 0,17 persen point dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya. Komoditas dengan andil inflasi tinggi yang menjadi pemicu utama inflasi tersebut yaitu bensin (0,781 persen), kontrak rumah (0,310 persen), dan beras (0,208 persen).

Di sisi lain, secara bulan ke bulan (mtm) Jakarta mengalami deflasi perdana di tahun 2023. Deflasi Jakarta tercatat 0,10 persen. Turunnya tarif angkutan udara (0,065 persen), harga bayam (0,017 persen), dan kerudung (0,007 persen) menjadi kontributor utama deflasi Mei 2023. Meski demikian, naiknya harga bawang merah (0,022 persen) dan bawang putih (0,017 persen) meredam laju deflasi sehingga tidak terdepresiasi lebih lanjut.

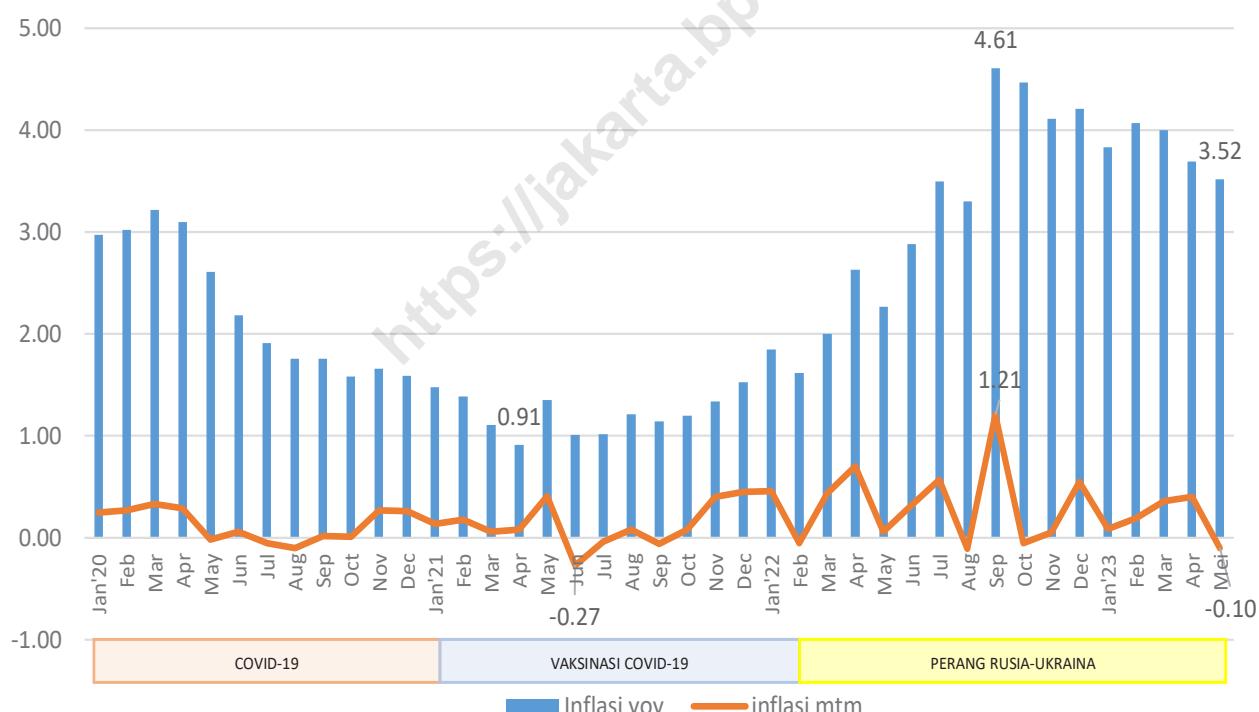
*In May 2023, year on year (yoy) inflation in the capital city was observed to fall. The price correction after Eid and the abundant supply of goods and services pushed the year on year (yoy) inflation in Jakarta to depreciate. The decline in inflation since March 2023 has continued into this month. This was the third decline in the first five months of 2023.*

*Jakarta year on year (yoy) inflation was 3.52 percent, down 0.17 percentage points compared to the previous month. Commodities with a high inflation contribution, which were the main triggers of inflation were gasoline (0.781 percent), house contracts (0.310 percent), and rice (0.208 percent).*

*On the other hand, on a month-to-month (mtm) basis, Jakarta experienced the first deflation in 2023. Jakarta deflation was recorded at 0.10 percent. The decline in air transport fares (0.065 percent), spinach prices (0.017 percent) and headscarf (0.007 percent) were the main contributors to deflation in May 2023. However, the increase in prices of shallots (0.022 percent) and garlic (0.017 percent) prevented the inflation rate not to depreciate further.*

## A. Dinamika Inflasi Jakarta Empat Tahun Terakhir

Selama empat tahun terakhir, sejak awal masa pandemik COVID-19 hingga perang Rusia-Ukraina, inflasi Jakarta terus berfluktuasi namun tetap berada di level kurang dari 5 persen. Pada 2020, tingkat inflasi tahun ke tahun (yo) tertinggi terjadi pada Maret yakni 3,22 persen. Angka tersebut turun menjadi 3,10 persen pada April 2020 akibat merebaknya pandemik COVID-19 dan penerapan Pembatasan Sosial Berskala Besar (PSBB). Tingkat inflasi terus merosot hingga hanya 0,91 persen pada April 2021.



**Gambar 1 Inflasi DKI Jakarta, 2020-2023 (%)**  
**Figure 1 Inflation in Jakarta 2020-2023 (%)**

Selama 2021, inflasi mulai menunjukkan peningkatan seiring upaya pemulihan ekonomi. Pada awal 2021, pemerintah mulai melakukan vaksinasi COVID-19 dan menerapkan Pemberlakuan Pembatasan Kegiatan Masyarakat (PPKM). Hal tersebut

## A. Jakarta Inflation Dynamics in The Last Four Years

Over the past four years, since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic until the Russia-Ukraine war, Jakarta inflation has continued to fluctuate but remained at a level of less than 5 percent. In 2020, the highest year-on-year (yo) inflation rate occurred in March, namely 3.22 percent. This figure fell to 3.10 percent in April 2020 due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic and the implementation of Large-Scale Social Restrictions (PSBB). The inflation rate continued to decline to only 0.91 percent in April 2021.

During 2021, inflation begin to increase in line with economic recovery efforts. In early 2021, the government began carrying out COVID-19 vaccinations and implementing Community Activity Restrictions (PPKM). This pushed inflation slowly up. In May

mendorong inflasi perlahan naik. Pada Mei 2021, terjadi lonjakan inflasi yang cukup signifikan, dari 0,91 persen pada bulan sebelumnya menjadi 1,35 persen. Meski pada bulan berikutnya inflasi kembali turun menjadi 1,01 persen, namun pada bulan-bulan berikutnya telah menunjukkan kecenderungan peningkatan inflasi. Memasuki tahun 2022, tren peningkatan inflasi semakin jelas terlihat. Pelonggaran pembatasan kegiatan masyarakat mendorong permintaan barang dan jasa meningkat sehingga harga-harga bergejolak naik. Disamping itu, pada masa pecahnya perang Rusia-Ukraina, tekanan inflasi global turut mengakselerasi naiknya tingkat inflasi. Inflasi tercatat mencapai 4,61 persen pada September 2022, tertinggi dalam empat tahun terakhir.

Pada 2023, inflasi sedikit menurun, menyusul berbagai upaya pengendalian inflasi. Inflasi tercatat 3,83 persen pada Januari 2023, kemudian naik menjadi 4,07 persen pada Februari 2023. Angka tersebut kembali turun dalam tiga bulan berikutnya menjadi 3,52 persen pada Mei 2023.

## B. Komoditas Pemicu Inflasi Jakarta Menurut Kelompok Pengeluaran

Pada Mei 2023, Indeks Harga Konsumen (IHK) di Jakarta tercatat sebesar 113,17, naik 3,85 poin dibandingkan Mei 2022. Peningkatan indeks harga tersebut membuat inflasi tahun ke tahun (yoy) sebesar 3,52 persen. Angka tersebut turun dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya yang tercatat 3,69 persen.

Berdasarkan kelompok pengeluaran, dari sebelas kelompok, sembilan diantaranya mengalami inflasi. Hanya dua kelompok

2021, there was a significant increase in inflation, from 0.91 percent in the previous month to 1.35 percent. Even though in the following month inflation fell again to 1.01 percent, but in the subsequent months inflation has shown an increasing trend. Entering 2022, the upward trend of inflation was increasingly evident. The easing of restrictions on community activities stimulated demand for goods and services to increase, so that prices started to fluctuate. In addition, since the outbreak of the Russian-Ukrainian war, global inflationary pressures also accelerated the increase in the inflation rate. Inflation was recorded at 4.61 percent in September 2022, the highest in the last four years.

In 2023, inflation ease slightly, following various efforts to control inflation. Inflation was recorded at 3.83 percent in January 2023, then rose to 4.07 percent in February 2023. This figure fell again over the following three consecutive months to 3.52 percent in May 2023.

## B. Commodities Triggering Jakarta Inflation, Group By Expenditure Category

In May 2023, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) in Jakarta was recorded at 113.17, higher 3.85 points compared to May 2022. The increase in the price index resulted in year-on-year (yoy) inflation of 3.52 percent. This figure decreased compared to the previous month which was recorded at 3.69 percent.

Based on expenditure category, out of eleven categories, nine experienced inflation. Only two categories experienced deflation,

yang mengalami deflasi yaitu kelompok pakaian dan alas kaki dan kelompok informasi, komunikasi dan jasa keuangan. Kedua kelompok tersebut mengalami deflasi masing-masing sebesar 0,97 persen dan 0,27 persen. Penurunan harga beberapa komoditas seperti jaket pria, sepatu anak, dan televisi berwarna beberapa waktu lalu menjadi pemicu deflasi pada dua kelompok tersebut.

Di sisi lain, diantara sembilan kelompok yang mengalami inflasi, kelompok yang memberikan andil tertinggi yaitu kelompok transportasi, disusul kelompok makanan, minuman, dan tembakau. Kontribusi kelompok transportasi terhadap inflasi mencapai 1,09 persen dengan tingkat inflasi 9,50 persen. Kenaikan harga bensin (0,781 persen), tarif angkutan dalam kota (0,080 persen), dan tarif kereta api (0,054 persen) beberapa waktu lalu menjadi pemicu utama inflasi pada kelompok ini. Sementara itu, naiknya harga beras (0,208 persen) pada beberapa bulan sebelumnya, serta kenaikan harga rokok kretek filter (0,120 persen), dan rokok putih (0,058 persen) mendorong inflasi pada kelompok makanan, minuman dan tembakau.

Kelompok berikutnya yang memberikan andil tinggi terhadap inflasi yaitu perumahan, air, listrik dan bahan bakar rumah tangga. Inflasi pada kelompok ini tercatat 3,15 persen dengan sumbangannya inflasi 0,65 persen. Pemicu utama inflasi tersebut yaitu naiknya biaya kontrak rumah (0,310 persen), bahan bakar rumah tangga (0,167 persen), dan biaya sewa rumah (0,098 persen).

Sementara itu, terdapat tiga kelompok yang memberikan andil inflasi moderat. Kelompok tersebut yakni perlengkapan, peralatan, dan pemeliharaan rumah tangga (0,31 persen), perawatan pribadi dan jasa lainnya (0,26 persen), dan penyediaan makanan dan minuman/restoran (0,25 persen).

namely the clothing and footwear category and the information, communication and financial services category. These two categories experienced deflation of 0.97 percent and 0.27 percent, respectively. The decline in the prices of several commodities, such as men's jackets, children's shoes and color television sets, has triggered deflation in the two categories.

On the other hand, among the nine categories experiencing inflation, the highest contribution came from the transport category, followed by the food, beverage and tobacco category. The inflation contribution of the transport category reached 1.09 percent with an inflation rate of 9.50 percent. Increases in gasoline prices (0.781 percent), inner-city transport fares (0.080 percent), and train fares (0.054 percent) some time ago became the main triggers for inflation in this category. Meanwhile, the increase in the price of rice (0.208 percent) in the previous months, as well as increases in the prices of filter clove cigarettes (0.120 percent) and white cigarettes (0.058 percent) pushed up inflation in the food, beverages and tobacco category.

The next category that contributed significantly to inflation was housing, water, electricity and household fuels. Inflation in this category was recorded at 3.15 percent with an inflation contribution of 0.65 percent. The main triggers for this inflation were rising house contract costs (0.310 percent), household fuels (0.167 percent) and house rental costs (0.098 percent).

Meanwhile, there were three categories that contributed moderately to inflation. These categories were furniture, furnishings and household equipment, and operation (0.31 percent), personal care and other services (0.26 percent), and provision of food and beverages/restaurants (0.25 percent).

**Tabel 1 Indeks Harga Konsumen & Tingkat Inflasi Bulanan, Tahun Kalender, dan Tahun ke Tahun DKI Jakarta Mei 2023 Menurut Kelompok Pengeluaran**  
**Table 1 Consumer Price Index & Monthly, Year to Date, and Year on Year Inflation Rate of DKI Jakarta May 2023, By Expenditure Categories**

| Kelompok Pengeluaran<br>Expenditure Categories   | Indeks Harga Konsumen<br>Consumer Price Index<br>May'22 (%) | Indeks Harga Konsumen<br>Consumer Price Index<br>May'23 (%) | Tingkat Inflasi Month to Month<br>Inflation Rate<br>May'23 <sup>1)</sup> (%) | Laju Inflasi Tahun Kalender<br>Year to Date<br>Inflation May <sup>2)</sup> (%) | Tingkat Inflasi Tahun ke Tahun<br>Year on year<br>Inflation May'23 <sup>3)</sup> (%) | Andil Inflasi Bulanan<br>Share of mtm Inflation<br>May'23 (%) | Andil Inflasi Tahunan<br>Share of yoy Inflation<br>May'23 (%) |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| (1)  | (2)   | (3)   | (4)  | (5)  | (6)  | (7)   | (8)   |
| <b>Umum (Headline)</b>   | <b>109,32</b>   | <b>113,17</b>   | <b>-0,10</b>   | <b>0,95</b>  | <b>3,52</b>  | <b>-0,10</b>  | <b>3,52</b>   |
| Makanan, Minuman, dan Tembakau/Food, Beverages and Tobacco   | 116,32  | 120,83  | 0,13   | 2,79   | 3,88   | 0,03  | 0,86  |
| Pakaian dan Alas Kaki/Clothing and Footwear  | 106,65  | 105,62  | -1,79  | -0,41  | -0,97  | -0,10   | -0,05   |
| Perumahan, Air, Listrik, dan Bahan Bakar Rumah Tangga/Housing, Water, Electricity, and Household Fuels                     | 104,44  | 107,73  | 0,00   | 0,26   | 3,15   | 0,00  | 0,65  |
| Perlengkapan, Peralatan, dan Pemeliharaan Rutin Rumah Tangga/Furniture, Furnishings and Household Equipment, and Operation | 110,29  | 114,96  | 0,31   | 1,84   | 4,23   | 0,02  | 0,31  |
| Kesehatan/Health   | 111,79  | 114,34  | 0,10   | 0,52   | 2,28   | 0,00  | 0,06  |
| Transportasi/Transport   | 105,75  | 115,80  | -0,45  | -0,69  | 9,50   | -0,05   | 1,09  |
| Informasi, Komunikasi, dan Jasa Keuangan/Information, Communication and Financial Services                                 | 101,29  | 101,02  | 0,00   | 0,05   | -0,27  | 0,00  | -0,02   |
| Rekreasi, Olahraga, dan Budaya/ Recreation, Sports and Culture   | 104,66  | 106,48  | -0,08  | 0,27   | 1,74   | 0,00  | 0,04  |
| Pendidikan/Education   | 107,62  | 109,05  | 0,01   | 0,06   | 1,33   | 0,00  | 0,08  |
| Penyediaan Makanan dan Minuman/Restoran/Provision of Food and Beverages/ Restaurants                                       | 113,49  | 116,67  | 0,00   | 1,28   | 2,80   | 0,00  | 0,25  |
| Perawatan Pribadi dan Jasa Lainnya/Personal Care and Other Services  | 114,90  | 119,06  | 0,08   | 1,57   | 3,62   | 0,01  | 0,26  |
| <b>Energi (Energy)</b>   | <b>104,20</b>   | <b>117,14</b>   | <b>-0,01</b>   | <b>-0,44</b>   | <b>12,42</b>   | <b>0,00</b>   | <b>1,04</b>   |
| <b>Bahan Makanan (Foodstuff)</b>   | <b>115,00</b>   | <b>119,00</b>   | <b>0,11</b>  | <b>2,89</b>  | <b>3,48</b>  | <b>0,02</b>   | <b>0,54</b>   |

Keterangan>Note:

1) Persentase perubahan IHK Mei 2023 terhadap IHK April 2023/Percentage of change CPI May 2023 to CPI Apr 2023

2) Persentase perubahan IHK Mei 2023 terhadap IHK Desember 2022/Percentage of change CPI May2023 to CPI Des 2022

3) Persentase perubahan IHK Mei2023 terhadap IHK Mei 2022/Percentage of change CPI May 2023 to CPI May 2022

Inflasi pada kelompok perlengkapan, peralatan, dan pemeliharaan rumah tangga tercatat 4,23 persen. inflasi tersebut

*Inflation in the furniture, furnishings and household equipment, and operation category was 4.23 percent. This inflation*

terutama dipicu oleh naiknya harga sabun detergen bubuk/cair (0,034 oersen) dan pembersih lantai (0,022 persen).

Pada kelompok perawatan pribadi dan jasa lainnya inflasi terutama bersumber dari kenaikan harga emas perhiasan (0,060 persen). Naiknya harga emas perhiasan mendorong kelompok ini mengalami inflasi 3,62 persen.

Sementara itu, pada kelompok penyediaan makanan dan minuman/restoran terjadi inflasi 2,80 persen. Naiknya harga bakso siap santap (0,025 persen), ayam goreng (0,022 persen), dan bubur kacang hijau (0,020 persen) menjadi pendorong utama inflasi pada kelompok ini.

Selanjutnya, tiga kelompok lainnya yaitu pendidikan, kesehatan, serta rekreasi, olahraga dan budaya memberikan andil inflasi rendah yaitu 0,08 persen, 0,06 persen, dan 0,04 persen. Inflasi pada kelompok pendidikan utamanya dipicu oleh naiknya biaya bimbingan belajar (0,026 persen), Sekolah Menengah Atas (0,018 persen) dan Sekolah Dasar (0,014 persen) pada bulan-bulan sebelumnya. Sementara inflasi pada kelompok kesehatan terutama disumbang oleh komoditas tarif dokter gigi (0,018 persen), obat luka (0,08 persen) dan obat dengan resep (0,07 persen). Berikutnya, pada kelompok rekreasi, olahraga dan budaya, inflasi terutama bersumber dari naiknya harga buku tulis bergaris (0,018 persen), tas sekolah (0,007 persen) dan surat kabar harian (0,004 persen) pada beberapa bulan yang lalu.

Sejauh ini, inflasi tahunan (yoy) Jakarta cukup terkendali. Jakarta ada di posisi ke-70 dari 90 kota dengan urutan inflasi tertinggi. Sementara itu, jika dibandingkan dengan kota satelit di sekitar Jakarta, inflasi Jakarta (3,52 persen) merupakan yang terendah kedua setelah Tangerang (3,42 persen).

*was driven by the increase in the prices of powder/liquid detergent (0.034 percent) and floor cleaners (0.022 percent).*

*In the personal care and other services category, inflation mainly came from the increase in the price of gold jewelry (0.060 percent). The increase in the price of gold jewelry pushed this category to experience inflation of 3.62 percent.*

*Meanwhile, in provision of food and beverages/restaurants category, inflation was 2.80 percent. Increases in the prices of ready-to-eat meatballs (0.025 percent), fried chicken (0.022 percent) and mung bean porridge (0.020 percent) were the main drivers of inflation in this category.*

*Furthermore, three other categories, namely education, health, and recreation, sports and culture gave low contribution to inflation, namely 0.08 percent, 0.06 percent and 0.04 percent. Inflation in the education category was mainly triggered by increases in the cost of tutoring (0.026 percent), senior high schools (0.018 percent) and elementary schools (0.014 percent) in the previous months. Meanwhile, inflation in the health category was mainly contributed by commodity of dentist fees (0.018 percent), wound medicine (0.08 percent) and prescription drugs (0.07 percent). Next, in the recreation, sports and culture category, inflation mainly came from rising prices of lined notebooks (0.018 percent), school bags (0.007 percent) and daily newspapers (0.004 percent) on a few months ago .*

*So far, Jakarta year on year (yoy) inflation has been under control. Jakarta was in 70th position out of 90 cities with the highest inflation sequence. Meanwhile, when compared to satellite cities around Jakarta, Jakarta inflation (3.52 percent) was the second lowest after Tangerang (3.42 percent).*

**Tabel 2 Perbandingan Indeks Harga Konsumen dan Tingkat Inflasi Mei 2023 Pada 90 Kota Inflasi (2018=100)**

**Table 2 Comparison of the Consumer Price Index and the Inflation Rate in Mei 2023 in 90 Inflation Cities (2018 = 100)**

| Kota/City   | Peringkat/Rank | IHK/CPI | Tingkat Inflasi Tahunan/<br>Inflation yoy (%) | Tingkat Inflasi Bulanan/<br>Inflation mtm (%) |
|---|----------------|---------|---|---|
| (1)   | (2)            | (3)     | (4)   | (5)   |
| <b>Kota-Kota di Pulau Sumatera/Cities in Sumatra Island</b> |                |         |   |   |
| 1. Meulaboh   | 66             | 119,13  | 3,56  | 0,58  |
| 2. Banda Aceh   | 75             | 116,05  | 3,41  | 0,13  |
| 3. Lhokseumawe  | 81             | 115,74  | 3,08  | 0,51  |
| 4. Sibolga  | 31             | 116,88  | 4,39  | 0,16  |
| 5. Pematangsiantar  | 48             | 115,38  | 3,96  | 0,45  |
| 6. Medan  | 65             | 112,63  | 3,59  | 0,24  |
| 7. Padangsidempuan  | 36             | 117,79  | 4,22  | 0,49  |
| 8. Gunungsitoli   | 68             | 114,55  | 3,54  | 0,38  |
| 9. Padang   | 34             | 115,69  | 4,26  | 0,4   |
| 10. Bukittinggi   | 67             | 115,66  | 3,56  | 0,18  |
| 11. Tembilahan  | 86             | 113,75  | 2,51  | 0,13  |
| 12. Pekanbaru   | 38             | 114,78  | 4,18  | 0,02  |
| 13. Dumai   | 46             | 115,65  | 4,01  | 0,27  |
| 14. Bungo   | 83             | 115,59  | 2,88  | 0,15  |
| 15. Jambi   | 69             | 116,25  | 3,52  | 0,51  |
| 16. Palembang   | 77             | 113,95  | 3,38  | -0,05   |
| 17. Lubuklinggau  | 76             | 114,11  | 3,4   | 0,13  |
| 18. Bengkulu  | 45             | 114,74  | 4,06  | 0,17  |
| 19. Bandar Lampung  | 29             | 116,06  | 4,43  | -0,11   |
| 20. Metro   | 71             | 116,54  | 3,48  | 0,25  |
| 21. Tanjung pandan  | 79             | 119,76  | 3,24  | 1,28  |
| 22. Pangkalpinang   | 90             | 114,16  | 1,93  | 0,01  |
| 23. Batam   | 82             | 113,75  | 3,08  | -0,25   |
| 24. Tanjung Pinang  | 88             | 111,07  | 2,3   | -0,27   |
| <b>Kota-Kota di Pulau Jawa/Cities in Java Island</b>        |                |         |   |   |
| 25. DKI Jakarta   | 70             | 113,17  | 3,52  | -0,10   |
| 26. Bogor   | 18             | 117,48  | 4,57  | 0,22  |
| 27. Sukabumi  | 24             | 115,04  | 4,53  | 0,19  |
| 28. Bandung   | 51             | 114,92  | 3,90  | 0,10  |

## Lanjutan Tabel 2/Table 2 (Continued)

| Kota/City   | Peringkat/Rank | IHK/CPI | Tingkat Inflasi Tahunan/<br><i>Inflation yoy (%)</i> | Tingkat Inflasi Bulanan/<br><i>Inflation mtm (%)</i> |
|---|----------------|---------|--|--|
| (1)   | (2)            | (3)     | (4)  | (5)  |
| 29. Cirebon   | 19             | 112,78  | 4,57   | 0,15   |
| 30. Bekasi  | 20             | 117,49  | 4,57   | 0,08   |
| 31. Depok   | 42             | 116,54  | 4,14   | 0,11   |
| 32. Tasikmalaya   | 35             | 113,80  | 4,25   | 0,27   |
| 33. Cilacap   | 52             | 115,05  | 3,90   | 0,22   |
| 34. Purwokerto  | 55             | 115,55  | 3,85   | 0,22   |
| 35. Kudus   | 28             | 114,74  | 4,44   | 0,21   |
| 36. Surakarta   | 21             | 116,58  | 4,57   | 0,19   |
| 37. Semarang  | 53             | 114,22  | 3,88   | 0,22   |
| 38. Tegal   | 39             | 116,63  | 4,17   | 0,32   |
| 39. Yogyakarta  | 16             | 117,45  | 4,72   | 0,35   |
| 40. Jember  | 11             | 117,03  | 4,90   | 0,24   |
| 41. Banyuwangi  | 26             | 113,49  | 4,51   | 0,22   |
| 42. Sumenep   | 6              | 117,75  | 5,44   | 0,66   |
| 43. Kediri  | 23             | 114,55  | 4,55   | 0,32   |
| 44. Malang  | 37             | 113,97  | 4,22   | 0,25   |
| 45. Probolinggo   | 40             | 113,66  | 4,17   | 0,26   |
| 46. Madiun  | 56             | 113,65  | 3,85   | 0,07   |
| 47. Surabaya  | 7              | 116,29  | 5,27   | 0,14   |
| 48. Tangerang   | 74             | 113,48  | 3,42   | 0,01   |
| 49. Cilegon   | 32             | 117,93  | 4,38   | 0,25   |
| 50. Serang  | 30             | 119,30  | 4,40   | 0,35   |
| <b>Kota-Kota di Luar Pulau Sumatera dan Jawa/Cities Outside Sumatera and Java Islands</b> |                |         |  |  |
| 51. Singaraja   | 54             | 115,84  | 3,88   | 0,37   |
| 52. Denpasar  | 44             | 114,40  | 4,09   | 0,34   |
| 53. Mataram   | 50             | 113,92  | 3,94   | 0,20   |
| 54. Bima  | 60             | 113,88  | 3,75   | -0,03  |
| 55. Waingapu  | 59             | 114,71  | 3,80   | -0,03  |
| 56. Maumere   | 12             | 115,23  | 4,90   | -0,05  |
| 57. Kupang  | 41             | 113,53  | 4,16   | -0,79  |
| 58. Sintang   | 85             | 122,97  | 2,59   | 0,34   |
| 59. Pontianak   | 43             | 115,59  | 4,11   | 0,37   |
| 60. Singkawang  | 57             | 114,62  | 3,85   | 0,30   |

## Lanjutan Tabel 2/Table 2 (Continued)

| Kota/City         | 63  | 117,88 | 0,08 | Tingkat Inflasi Bulanan/<br>Inflation mtm (%) |
|-------------------|-----|--------|------|---|
| (1)               | (2) | (3)    | (4)  | (5)   |
| 61. Sampit        | 64  | 118,32 | 3,60 | 0,37  |
| 62. Palangka Raya | 25  | 116,38 | 4,53 | 0,24  |
| 63. Kotabaru      | 1   | 121,80 | 6,04 | 0,56  |
| 64. Tanjung       | 63  | 116,98 | 3,64 | 0,15  |
| 65. Banjarmasin   | 17  | 118,30 | 4,69 | -0,14   |
| 66. Balikpapan    | 33  | 113,93 | 4,34 | 0,33  |
| 67. Samarinda     | 58  | 113,65 | 3,85 | 0,11  |
| 68. Tanjung Selor | 27  | 114,30 | 4,51 | 0,03  |
| 69. Tarakan       | 84  | 113,60 | 2,71 | -0,20   |
| 70. Manado        | 72  | 113,96 | 3,44 | -0,22   |
| 71. Kotamobagu    | 3   | 117,87 | 5,95 | 0,28  |
| 72. Luwuk         | 8   | 120,27 | 5,21 | 0,48  |
| 73. Palu          | 61  | 116,86 | 3,75 | 0,03  |
| 74. Bulukumba     | 73  | 115,24 | 3,44 | 0,30  |
| 75. Watampone     | 78  | 114,35 | 3,34 | 0,28  |
| 76. Makassar      | 14  | 115,79 | 4,78 | 0,03  |
| 77. Pare-Pare     | 62  | 117,68 | 3,69 | 0,26  |
| 78. Palopo        | 15  | 115,41 | 4,78 | 0,30  |
| 79. Kendari       | 13  | 117,51 | 4,80 | 0,71  |
| 80. Bau-bau       | 10  | 115,66 | 4,93 | 0,84  |
| 81. Gorontalo     | 80  | 112,97 | 3,15 | 0,08  |
| 82. Mamuju        | 89  | 114,65 | 2,27 | 0,01  |
| 83. Ambon         | 9   | 117,38 | 5,03 | 0,86  |
| 84. Tual          | 5   | 118,55 | 5,59 | 0,69  |
| 85. Ternate       | 4   | 114,86 | 5,71 | 0,34  |
| 86. Manokwari     | 49  | 118,65 | 3,95 | 0,45  |
| 87. Sorong        | 47  | 113,45 | 4,00 | 0,59  |
| 88. Merauke       | 22  | 114,94 | 4,57 | 1,03  |
| 89. Timika        | 2   | 117,74 | 6,04 | 0,75  |
| 90. Jayapura      | 87  | 112,12 | 2,39 | -0,05   |

# PERKEMBANGAN INDEKS HARGA KONSUMEN DKI JAKARTA, MEI 2023

*Dynamics of Consumer Price Index in DKI Jakarta, May 2023*



Berita Resmi Statistik No. 32/06/31/Th.XXV, 5 Juni 2023/5 June 2023

MEI 2023/MAY 2023

DEFLASI  
DEFIATION

0,10%

TAHUN KALENDER/YEAR TO DATE  
Des 2022-MEI 2023/DEC 2022- MAY 2023

LAJU INFLASI  
INFLATION RATE

0,95%

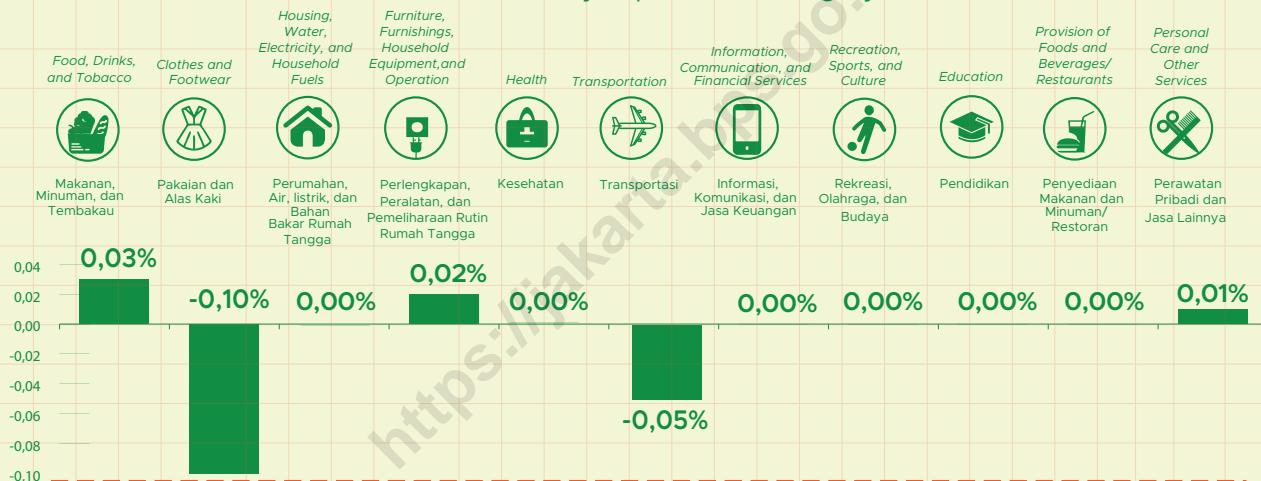
TAHUN KE TAHUN/YEAR ON YEAR  
MEI 2022-MEI 2023/MAY 2022-MAY 2023

INFLASI  
INFLATION

3,52%



## Andil Inflasi Menurut Kelompok Pengeluaran Inflation Share by Expenditure Category



## Inflasi/Deflasi Bulan ke Bulan di Jabodetabek

Month to Month (mtm) Inflation/Deflation in Jabodetabek

▲ 77 kota mengalami inflasi  
77 cities experienced inflation

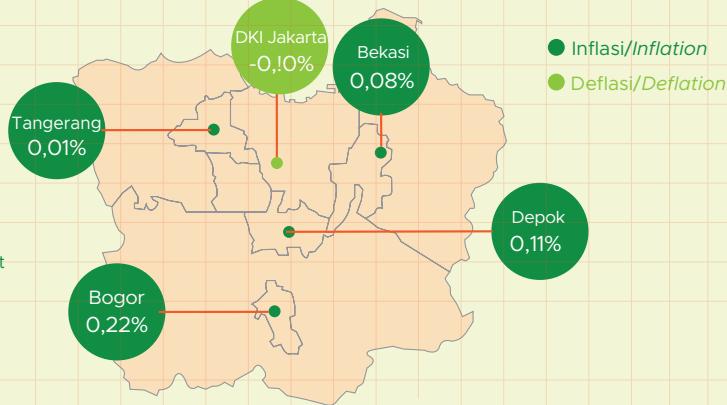
▼ 13 kota mengalami deflasi  
13 cities experienced deflation

Dari 90 kota IHK, terdapat 77 kota mengalami inflasi dan 13 kota mengalami deflasi.

Of the 90 CPI cities, 77 cities experienced inflation and 13 cities experienced deflation

Secara bulan ke bulan, dari 13 kota IHK yang mengalami deflasi, Jakarta menempati peringkat ke 8 dengan deflasi 0,10 persen dan Indeks Harga Konsumen 113,17

On a month to month basis, out of 90 CPI cities experienced deflation, Jakarta was ranked 8th with deflation of 0,10 percent and a Consumer Price Index of 113,17.



Lorem

Gambar 2 Infografis Perkembangan Indeks Harga Konsumen DKI Jakarta, Mei 2023  
Figure 2 Infographic of The Consumer Price Index in DKI Jakarta, Mei 2023



<https://jakarta.bps.go.id>

**Tim Penyusun/The Production Team:**  
Penanggungjawab Teknis/*Technical Chief* (Feri Prasetyo Nugroho)  
Penyunting/*Editor* (Feri Prasetyo Nugroho)  
Penulis/*Writer* (Fina Sri Agustina)  
Penerjemah/*Translator* (Fina Sri Agustina, Mediana Riris Maduma)  
Infografis/*Infographic* (Idha Wuryaningsih)



## **Perkembangan Wisatawan Mancanegara di DKI Jakarta/ *Development of Foreign Tourist in DKI Jakarta***



# **Perkembangan Jumlah Kunjungan Wisman ke Jakarta bulan April 2023**

*Development of the Number of Foreign Tourists Visiting Jakarta in April 2023*



Tercatat lebih dari 99 ribu wisatawan mancanegara datang ke Jakarta pada April 2023, dimana angka ini turun 29,51 persen dibandingkan dengan bulan sebelumnya. Meskipun menurun, sektor pariwisata terus menunjukkan ketangguhannya. Terlihat secara tahunan, jumlah kunjungan ini masih jauh lebih tinggi dibandingkan jumlah kunjungan bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya yang hanya mencapai 36.061 kunjungan.

Selama empat bulan pertama tahun 2023, Jakarta menerima 483.353 kunjungan wisatawan mancanegara. Angka ini meningkat 443,85 persen dibandingkan periode yang sama tahun sebelumnya.

Berdasarkan kebangsaan, kenaikan kunjungan tertinggi pada bulan April 2023 adalah Belanda dengan peningkatan kunjungan 26,52 persen. Jika secara jumlah kunjungan, tercatat kunjungan wisman tertinggi berasal dari Tiongkok dengan total 17.977 kunjungan.

*In April 2023, more than 99 thousand foreign tourists went to Jakarta, which decreased by 29.51 percent compared to the previous month. Despite the decline, the tourism sector continues to show resilience. The number of visits is still much higher annually than in the same month the previous year, which only reached 36,061 arrivals.*

*During the first four months of 2023, Jakarta received 483,353 foreign tourists. This figure rose by 443.85 percent compare to the number of the same period last year.*

*Based on nationality, the highest growth in April 2023 was the Netherlands, with 26.52 percent. In terms of volume, the highest number of arrivals was from China, with total of 17,977 arrivals.*

## A. Perkembangan Wisatawan Mancanegara

Pada April 2023, sejumlah 99.364 wisatawan mancanegara berkunjung ke Jakarta. Angka ini turun 29,51 persen dari kunjungan bulan Maret 2023 (*m-to-m*). Sebaliknya, secara tahunan (*y-on-y*) kunjungan wisman ke Jakarta meningkat sebesar 175,54 persen dibandingkan bulan yang sama pada tahun 2022.

Berdasarkan moda angkutan, pada April 2023 tidak ada wisman yang berkunjung melalui moda angkutan laut, hanya ada kunjungan dengan moda angkutan udara. Wisman yang masuk melalui Bandara Soekarno Hatta sebanyak 99.289 kunjungan, sementara wisman yang melalui Halim Perdana Kusuma hanya 75 kunjungan.

**Tabel 1 Kedatangan Wisatawan Mancanegara ke Jakarta menurut Pintu Masuk, April 2023**

**Table 1 International Visitor Arrivals in Jakarta by Port of Entry, April 2023**

| Bulan-Tahun<br>Month/Year  | Pintu Masuk/Port of Entry |                         |               | Jumlah/<br>Total |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|------------------|
|  | Soekarno- Hatta           | Halim Perdana<br>Kusuma | Tanjung Priok |                  |
| (1)  | (2)                       | (3)                     | (4)           | (5)              |
| <b>Kunjungan/Visits</b>  |                           |                         |               |                  |
| April / April 2023   | 99 289                    | 75                      | -             | 99 364           |
| Maret / March 2023   | 140 859                   | 63                      | 34            | 140 956          |
| April / April 2022   | 36 061                    | -                       | -             | 36 061           |
| Jan - April 2023/Jan-April 2023  | 480 947                   | 288                     | 2 117         | 483 353          |
| Jan-April 2022/Jan-April 2022  | 88 860                    | 16                      | -             | 88 876           |
| <b>Pertumbuhan/Growth (%)</b>  |                           |                         |               |                  |
| April 2023 terhadap Maret 2023/<br>April 2023 compared to March 2023                     | -29,51                    | 17,46                   | -100          | -29,51           |
| April 2023 terhadap April 2022/<br>April 2023 compared to April 2022                     | 175,34                    | 0                       | 0             | 175,54           |
| Jan - April 2023 terhadap Jan-April 2022/<br>Jan - April 2023 compared to Jan-April 2022 | 441,24                    | 1 700,00                | 0             | 443,85           |

Selama bulan Januari hingga April 2023, tercatat sebanyak 483.353 kunjungan wisman ke Jakarta. Jumlah tersebut meningkat 443,85 persen dibandingkan

## A. Growth of Foreign Tourist Arrivals

In April 2023, 99,354 foreign tourists arrived in Jakarta, thus marking a decrease of 29.51 percent compared to March 2023 (*m-to-m*). On the contrary, based on year-on-year (*y-on-y*), foreign tourist arrivals increased significantly by 175.54 percent compared to the same month in 2022.

Based on the mode of transportation, in April 2023 there were no foreign tourists visiting via sea transportation mode, there were only visits by air transportation mode. Foreign tourists who entered through Soekarno Hatta Airport totaled 99,289 arrivals, while foreign tourists who went through Halim Perdana Kusuma only had 75 arrivals.

**Tabel 1 Kedatangan Wisatawan Mancanegara ke Jakarta menurut Pintu Masuk, April 2023**

**Table 1 International Visitor Arrivals in Jakarta by Port of Entry, April 2023**

During January to April 2023, there were 483,353 foreign tourist visits to Jakarta. They rose by 443,85 percent, compared same period in 2022, which only reached

periode yang sama tahun 2022, ketika jumlah kunjungan wisman hanya mencapai 88.876 kunjungan.

## B. Perkembangan Wisman berdasarkan Kebangsaan

Berdasarkan kawasan, wisman asal kawasan ASIA selain ASEAN memberikan andil sebesar 34,91 persen dari total kunjungan sebanyak 34.687 kunjungan pada April 2023. Wisatawan asal Tiongkok memberikan share pengunjung tertinggi dengan 18,09 persen dari seluruh kunjungan. Sementara itu, kedatangan terendah berasal dari kawasan Afrika, sebanyak 620 kunjungan atau 0,62 persen dari seluruh kunjungan. Wisatawan kawasan Afrika terbanyak berasal dari Afrika Selatan dengan 197 kunjungan.

Dibandingkan Maret 2023, wisman dari seluruh kawasan mengalami penurunan kunjungan pada April 2023. Penurunan kunjungan terdalam berasal dari kawasan ASIA selain ASEAN yaitu minus 37,43 persen.

Berdasarkan kebangsaan, pada April 2023 wisman asal Tiongkok menjadi wisman yang paling banyak berkunjung ke Jakarta dengan 17.977 kunjungan. Selanjutnya, diikuti wisman asal Malaysia, Singapura, Amerika Serikat, Jepang, Korea Selatan, Australia, India, Arab Saudi, dan Belanda dengan jumlah kunjungan masing-masing 8.571, 6.799, 4.740, 4.598, 4.488, 3.848, 3.724, 3.608, dan 3.120 kunjungan.

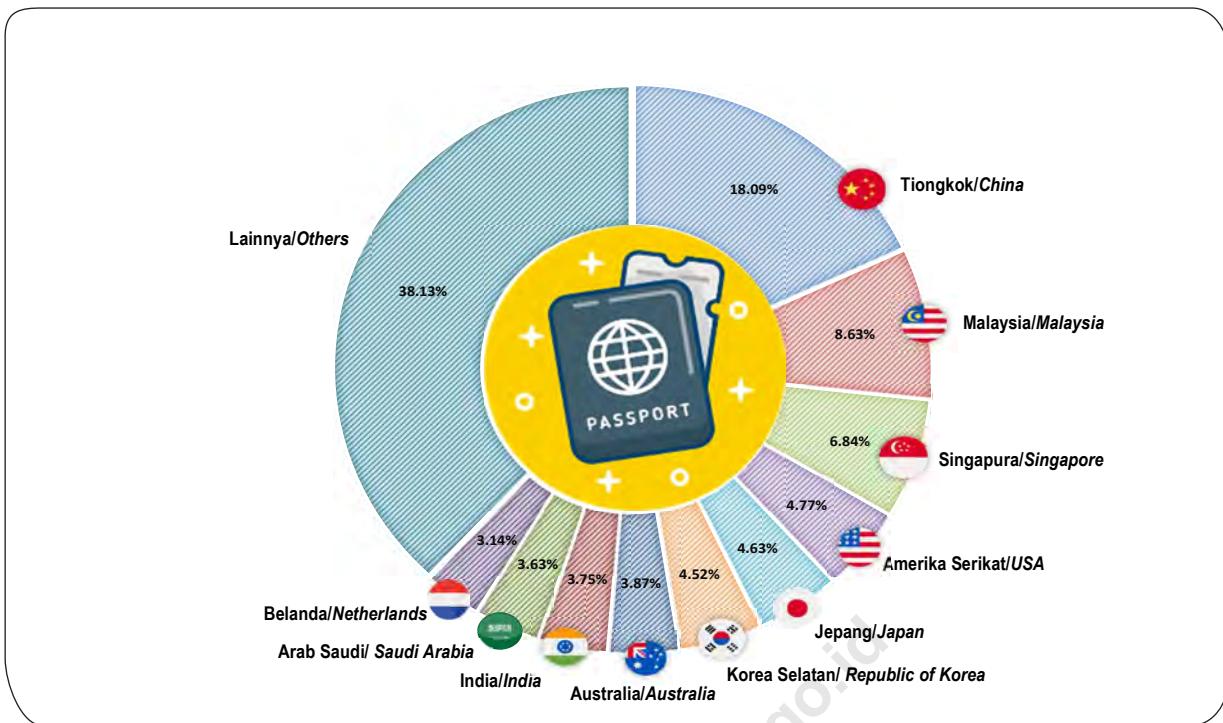
88.876 arrivals.

## B. Growth of Foreign Tourist Arrivals by Nationality

*Based on region, ASIA excluded ASEAN tourists contributed 34.91 percent of the total number of visits is 34,687 visits in April 2023. The highest share was from China by 18.09 percent of all tourist arrivals. Meanwhile, the lowest arrivals came from the African region, with 620 visits or only 0.62 percent of total visits. The highest visitors from the African region was tourists from South Africa, reaching 197 arrivals.*

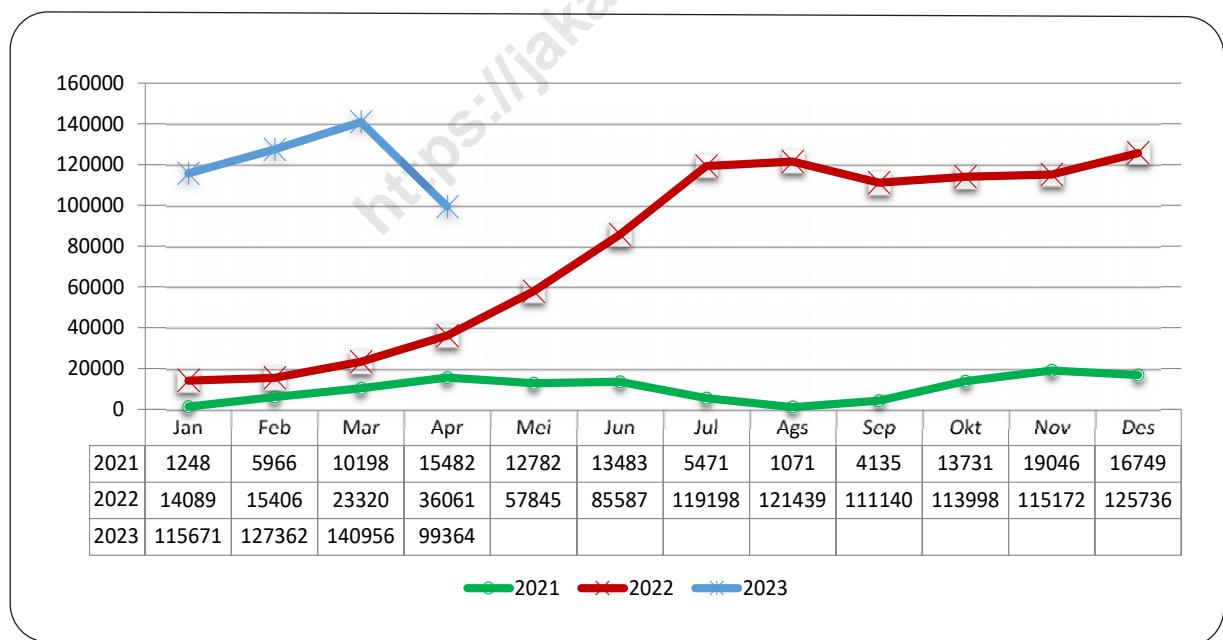
*Compared to March 2023, the number of tourists from all religion fell in April 2023. The deepest arrivals decline was recorded in the ASIA-excluded ASEAN region by 37.43 percent.*

*Based on nationality, the most tourists visiting Jakarta in April 2023 were from China, with 29,950 arrivals. It was followed by tourists from Malaysia, Singapore, the United States, Japan, South Korea, Australia, India, Saudi Arabia and the Netherlands with a total of visits each; 8,571, 6,799, 4,740, 4,598, 4,488, 3,848, 3,724, 3,608 and 3,120 arrivals.*



**Gambar 1 Sepuluh Besar Kedatangan Wisman Berdasarkan Kebangsaan, April 2023 (%)**

**Figure 1 Top Ten Foreign Tourists by Nationality, April 2023 (%)**



Catatan: Data tahun 2022 termasuk wisman melalui Tanjung Priok  
Notes: In 2022 include foreign tourist by Port of Tanjung Priok

**Gambar 2 Jumlah Kunjungan Wisatawan Mancanegara ke Jakarta Menurut Bulan, 2021 – 2023**

**Figure 2 Monthly Foreign Tourist Arrivals to Jakarta, 2021-2023**

**Tabel 2 Kedatangan Wisatawan Mancanegara ke Jakarta menurut Kebangsaan, Maret 2023 – April 2023**

**Table 2 Internasional Tourist Arrivals to Jakarta by Nationality, March 2023 - April 2023**

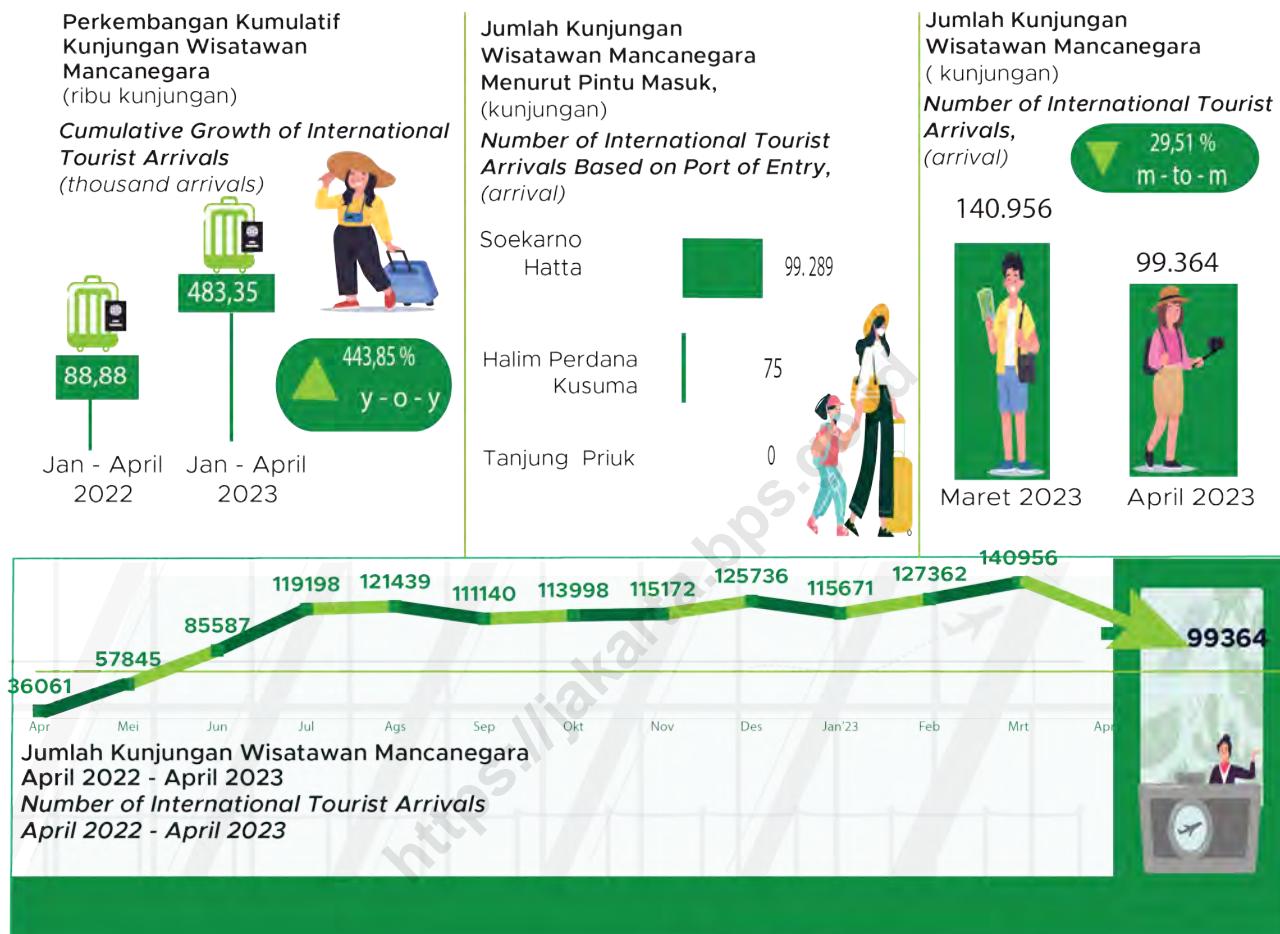
| Kebangsaan/Nationality                     | Jumlah Kedatangan/<br>Number of Arrival |                      | Perubahan/<br>Growth (%) |
|--|---|----------------------|--------------------------|
|  | Maret/March<br>2023                     | April<br>/April 2023 |                          |
| (1)  | (2)                                     | (3)                  | (4)                      |
| Malaysia/Malaysia                          | 18 170                                  | 8 571                | -52,83                   |
| Filipina/Philippines                       | 2 668                                   | 1 522                | -42,95                   |
| Singapura/Singapore                        | 12 080                                  | 6 799                | -43,72                   |
| Thailand/Thailand                          | 2 556                                   | 1 657                | -35,17                   |
| ASEAN lainnya/ Other ASEAN                 | 12 820                                  | 14 159               | 10,44                    |
| <b>ASEAN</b>                               | <b>48 294</b>                           | <b>32 708</b>        | <b>-32,27</b>            |
| India/India                                | 5 131                                   | 3 724                | -27,42                   |
| Jepang/Japan                               | 7 846                                   | 4 598                | -41,40                   |
| Korea Selatan/Republic of Korea            | 6 342                                   | 4 488                | -29,23                   |
| Taiwan/Taiwan                              | 4 241                                   | 2 502                | -41,00                   |
| Tiongkok/China                             | 29 950                                  | 17 977               | -39,98                   |
| Asia Lainnya/Other Asia                    | 1 926                                   | 1 398                | -27,41                   |
| <b>ASIA selain ASEAN/Asia (Excl.ASEAN)</b> | <b>55 436</b>                           | <b>34 687</b>        | <b>-37,43</b>            |
| Arab Saudi/Saudi Arabia                    | 3 700                                   | 3 608                | -2,49                    |
| Mesir/Egypt                                | 358                                     | 330                  | -7,82                    |
| Uni Emirat Arab /Uni Emirat Arab           | 140                                     | 151                  | 7,86                     |
| Timur Tengah lainnya/Other Middle East     | 1 305                                   | 904                  | -30,73                   |
| <b>Timur Tengah/Middle East</b>            | <b>5 503</b>                            | <b>4 993</b>         | <b>-9,27</b>             |
| Inggris/United Kingdom                     | 2 844                                   | 2 060                | -27,57                   |
| Prancis/France                             | 2 177                                   | 1 938                | -10,98                   |
| Jerman/Germany                             | 2 810                                   | 2 397                | -14,70                   |
| Belanda/Netherlands                        | 2 466                                   | 3 120                | 26,52                    |
| Rusia/Rusia                                | 890                                     | 826                  | -7,19                    |
| Eropa lainnya/Other Europe                 | 6 323                                   | 5 170                | -18,24                   |
| <b>Eropa/ Europe</b>                       | <b>17 510</b>                           | <b>15 511</b>        | <b>-11,42</b>            |
| Amerika Serikat/USA                        | 6 414                                   | 4 740                | -26,10                   |
| Kanada/Canada                              | 1 478                                   | 1 027                | -30,51                   |
| Brazil/Brazilia                            | 327                                     | 369                  | 12,84                    |
| Amerika Lainnya/Other America              | 634                                     | 438                  | -30,91                   |
| <b>Amerika/America</b>                     | <b>8 853</b>                            | <b>6 574</b>         | <b>-25,74</b>            |
| Australia/Australia                        | 4 047                                   | 3 848                | -4,92                    |
| Selandia Baru/New Zealand                  | 411                                     | 413                  | 0,49                     |
| Oseania lainnya/Other Oceania              | 23                                      | 10                   | -56,52                   |
| <b>Oseania/Oceania</b>                     | <b>4 481</b>                            | <b>4 271</b>         | <b>-4,69</b>             |
| Afrika Selatan/South Africa                | 224                                     | 197                  | -12,05                   |
| Afrika Lainnya/Other Africa                | 655                                     | 423                  | -35,42                   |
| <b>Afrika/Africa</b>                       | <b>879</b>                              | <b>620</b>           | <b>-29,47</b>            |
| <b>Jumlah/Total</b>                        | <b>140 956</b>                          | <b>99 364</b>        | <b>-29,51</b>            |

# PERKEMBANGAN WISATAWAN MANCANEGARA DKI JAKARTA, APRIL 2023

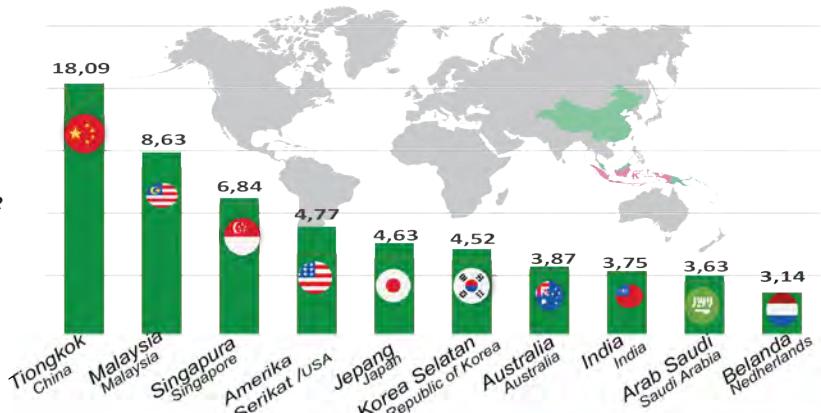


## *Development of Foreign Tourist in DKI Jakarta, April 2023*

Berita Resmi Statistik No. 33/06/31/Th. XXV, 05 Juni 2023/ 05 June 2023



**Share Sepuluh Negara Terbesar Jumlah Kunjungan Pada Bulan, April 2023 (%)**  
*Share the Ten Countries With the Largest Number of Visits in April 2023 (%)*



Gambar 3 Infografis Perkembangan Wisatawan Mancanegara Jakarta, April 2023  
Figure 3 Infographic of The Foreign Tourist Development in Jakarta, April 2023



<https://jakarta.bps.go.id>

Tim Penyusun/The Production Team:  
Penanggungjawab Teknis/Technical Chief (Feri Prasetyo Nugroho)  
Penyunting/Editors (Els Arianti)  
Penulis/Writer (Zahra Zettira Permata)  
Penerjemah/Translators (Zahra Zettira Permata, Qurratul Aini)  
Infografis/Infographic (Sushinta Purwandari)



## **Perkembangan Tingkat Penghunian Kamar Hotel DKI Jakarta/ *Growth of Hotel Occupancy Rate in DKI Jakarta***



## **TPK Hotel Bintang Jakarta Turun saat Momen Ramadan dan Libur Lebaran**

*Jakarta Star Hotel Occupancy Rate Falls  
during Ramadan and Eid Holidays Moments*



Pada triwulan pertama tahun 2023, industri perhotelan Jakarta menunjukkan performa yang cukup baik. Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (TPK) hotel bintang Jakarta mencapai 53,37 persen pada bulan Maret 2023. Namun capaian tersebut sulit dipertahankan pada bulan berikutnya. Bertepatan dengan momen bulan Ramadhan dan libur lebaran, TPK hotel bintang Jakarta April 2023 tercatat menyentuh angka 42,52 persen atau turun signifikan 10,85 persen poin dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya.

Selain TPK, rata-rata lama menginap tamu (RLMT) hotel bintang Jakarta pada April 2023 juga mengalami penurunan. RLMT hotel bintang Jakarta bulan ini berada pada angka 1,76 hari, atau turun 0,09 hari dibandingkan kondisi Maret 2023.

Di sisi lain, komposisi tamu hotel relatif konsisten seperti bulan-bulan sebelumnya. Tamu Indonesia mendominasi penghunian kamar hotel hingga 94,32 persen, sedangkan sisanya adalah tamu asing dengan proporsi sebesar 5,68 persen.

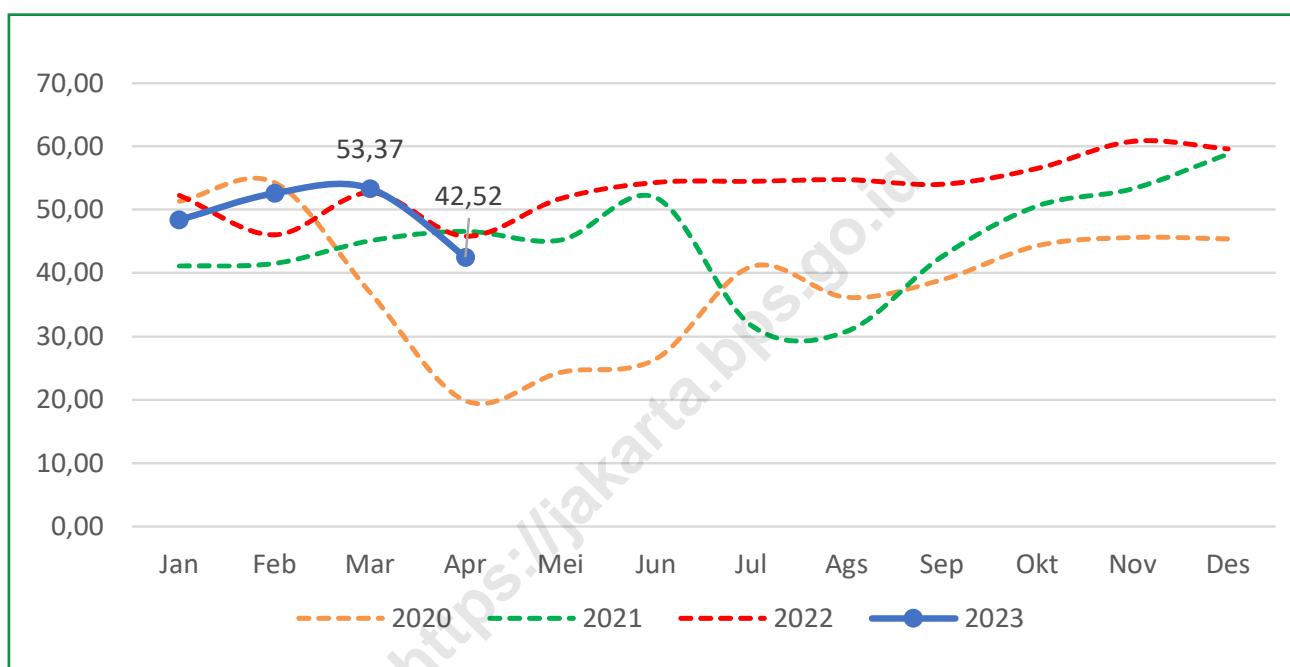
*In the first quarter of 2023, the performance of hotel industry in Jakarta showed a reasonably good performance. Jakarta star hotels occupancy rate reached 53.37 percent in March 2023. However, this achievement was difficult to maintain in the following month. Along with the Ramadan and Eid holidays, Jakarta star hotels' occupancy rate April 2023 was 42.52 percent or a significantly decreased by 10.85 points compared to the previous month.*

*In addition to the occupancy rate, the average length of stay for Jakarta's star hotel guests in April 2023 has also decreased. The average length of stay for that month was 1.76 days, or slightly dropped by 0.09 days compared to the conditions in March 2023.*

*On the other hand, the composition of hotel guests was relatively consistent as the previous months. Indonesian guests dominate hotel room occupancy up to 94.32 percent, while the rest were foreign guest with the proportion of 5.68 percent.*

## A. Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (TPK) Hotel

Sejak awal tahun 2023, TPK hotel bintang Jakarta konsisten meningkat hingga mencapai 53,37 persen pada Maret 2023. Namun demikian, peningkatan TPK terhenti pada bulan berikutnya. TPK hotel bintang Jakarta turun 10,85 persen poin (m-to-m) menjadi 42,52 persen pada April 2023.



Gambar 1 Perkembangan Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (TPK) Hotel Bintang di Jakarta, 2020 – 2023 (persen)

Figure 1 Occupancy Rate of Star Hotels in Jakarta, 2020 - 2023 (percent)

Jika dilihat berdasarkan kelas hotel bintang, TPK tertinggi tercatat pada hotel bintang dua sebesar 47,20 persen, diikuti hotel bintang tiga dan bintang empat masing-masing sebesar 43,95 persen dan 42,54 persen. Sementara itu, TPK hotel bintang lima dan bintang satu merupakan yang terendah, yaitu sebesar 38,06 persen dan 30,74 persen.

TPK hotel bintang Jakarta turun sebesar 3,31 persen poin jika dibandingkan bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya. Jika ditinjau berdasarkan klasifikasinya, seluruh kelas

## A. Hotel Occupancy Rate

Since the beginning of 2023, the occupancy rate of Jakarta star hotels consistently increased and reached 53,37 percent in March 2023. However, the rise in hotel room occupancy rates stopped in the following month. The room occupancy rate for star-rated hotels in Jakarta fell by 10.85 percent (m-to-m) to 42.52 percent in April 2023.

Based on star hotel class, two-star hotel's occupancy rate was the highest at 47.20 percent, followed by three-star and four-star hotels at 43.95 percent and 42.54 percent, respectively. Meanwhile, the occupancy rates of five-star and one-star hotel rooms were the lowest, at 38.06 percent and 30.74 percent, respectively.

The occupancy rate of Jakarta star hotel rooms fell by 3.31 percentage points compared to the same month the previous year. According to hotel classification,

hotel bintang mengalami penurunan TPK secara year-on-year kecuali pada kelas hotel bintang tiga. Kelas hotel bintang satu mencatatkan penurunan terdalam mencapai 13,87 persen poin (y-o-y). Sebaliknya, TPK hotel bintang tiga meningkat sebesar 1,09 persen poin (y-o-y).

*the decline in occupancy rate occurred in almost all star-hotel classes except three-star hotels. The deepest decline in room occupancy rates occurred in the one-star hotel class reaching 13.87 percentage points (y-o-y). In contrast, the three-star hotel room occupancy rate increased by 1.09 percentage points (y-o-y).*

**Tabel 1 Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (TPK) Hotel Bintang Menurut Klasifikasi Hotel di Jakarta, April 2022, Maret 2023, dan April 2023**

**Table 1 Occupancy Rate of Star Hotels by Hotel Classification in Jakarta, April 2022, March 2023, and April 2023**

| Klasifikasi Hotel<br>Bintang<br><i>Star Hotels Classification</i> | Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (persen)/<br>Room Occupancy Rate (percent) |                                 |                                 | Perubahan (persen poin)<br><i>Changes (percentage point)</i>                |  |
|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
|   | April 2022<br><i>April 2022</i>                                     | Maret 2023<br><i>March 2023</i> | April 2023<br><i>April 2023</i> | April 2023<br>terhadap April<br>2022<br><i>April 2023 to<br/>April 2022</i> | April 2023 terhadap<br>Maret 2023<br><i>April 2023 to March<br/>2023</i> |
|   |   |                                 |                                 | (1)   | (2)  |
| Bintang 1 / 1 Star  | 44,61   | 34,29                           | 30,74                           | -13,87  | -3,55  |
| Bintang 2 / 2 Star  | 52,03   | 52,89                           | 47,20                           | -4,83   | -5,69  |
| Bintang 3 / 3 Star  | 42,86   | 51,97                           | 43,95                           | 1,09  | -8,02  |
| Bintang 4 / 4 Star  | 46,10   | 51,69                           | 42,54                           | -3,56   | -9,15  |
| Bintang 5 / 5 Star  | 46,87   | 59,51                           | 38,06                           | -8,81   | -21,45   |
| Rata-rata / Average   | 45,83   | 53,37                           | 42,52                           | -3,31   | -10,85   |

## B. Rata-Rata Lama Menginap

Rata-rata lama menginap tamu (RLMT) hotel bintang secara keseluruhan pada April 2023 yaitu selama 1,76 hari, atau turun 0,09 hari dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya. Jika dilihat berdasarkan jenis tamu, tamu asing cenderung menginap lebih lama dibandingkan tamu domestik. Rata-rata lama menginap antara tamu asing dan tamu domestik masing-masing sebesar 2,43 dan 1,72 hari.

Sementara berdasarkan klasifikasi hotel bintang, RLMT hotel bintang lima pada April

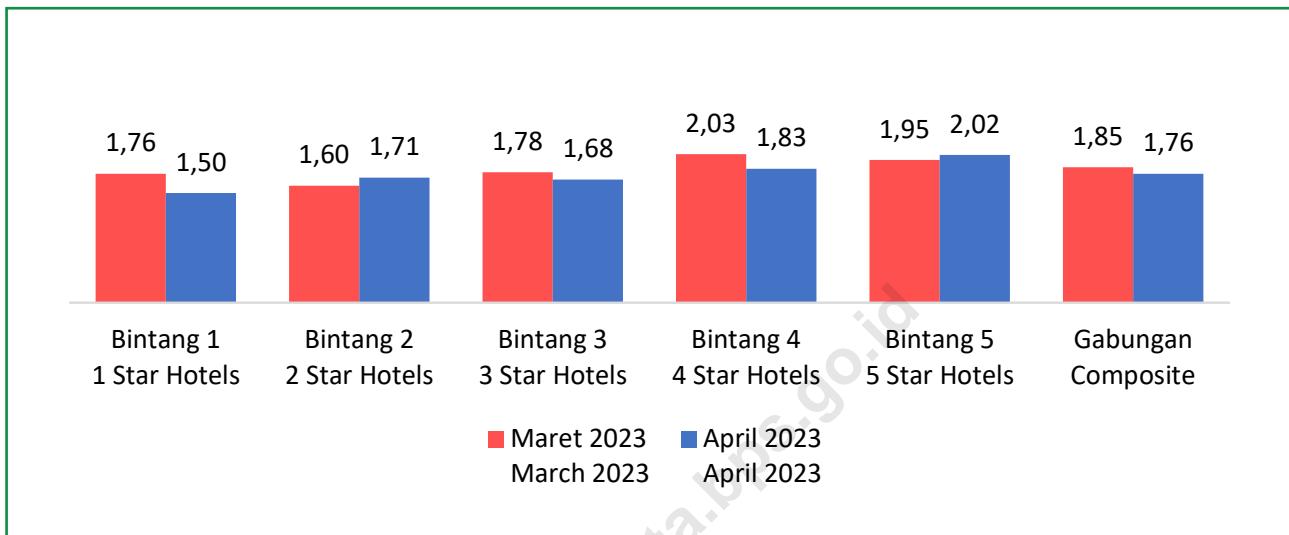
## B. Average Length of Stay

*Overall, the average length of stay for Jakarta star hotel guests in April 2023 was 1.76 days, dropped by 0.09 days compared to the previous month. Based on the type of guests, foreign guests tend to stay longer than domestic guests. The average length of stay of foreign and domestic guests were 2.43 and 1.72 days, respectively.*

*Meanwhile, based on the classification of star hotels, the five-star guest average*

2023 merupakan yang tertinggi mencapai 2,02 hari. Kemudian diikuti oleh hotel bintang empat, bintang dua, dan bintang tiga, dengan rata-rata lama menginap masing-masing sebesar 1,83 haru, 1,71 hari, dan 1,68 hari. Sementara RLMT hotel bintang satu merupakan yang tersingkat yaitu selama 1,50 hari.

length of stay in April 2023 was the highest, at 2.02 days. Then it was followed by four-star, two-star, and three-star hotels, with an average length of stay of 1.83 days, 1.71 days and 1.68 days respectively. Meanwhile, the one-star hotel guest average length of stay was the shortest, at 1.50 days.



**Gambar 2 Rata-rata Lama Menginap Tamu Pada Hotel Bintang Menurut Klasifikasi Hotel di Jakarta, Maret 2023 - April 2023 (hari)**

**Figure 2 Average Length of Stay at Star Hotels by Hotel Classification in Jakarta, March 2023 - April 2023 (days)**

RLMT hotel bintang Jakarta April 2023 turun 0,23 hari secara year on year. Lebih rinci, seluruh kelas hotel bintang mengalami penurunan RLMT jika dibandingkan dengan kondisi April 2022. Penurunan RLMT pada hotel bintang lima dan hotel bintang satu merupakan yang terdalam, yaitu masing-masing turun 0,56 hari dan 0,48 hari (y-o-y).

The average length of stay for Jakarta star hotel guests in April 2023 fell by 0.23 days (y-o-y). In detail, the average length of stay of guests in all star hotel classes decreased compared to April 2022 condition. The decline in the average length of stay of guests at five-star hotels and one-star hotels was the deepest, which were 0.56 days and 0.48 days (y-o-y) respectively.

## C. Tamu Hotel Bintang Menurut Jenis Tamu

Tamu Indonesia mendominasi kunjungan ke hotel bintang Jakarta pada April 2023 dengan persentase mencapai 94,32 persen. Sementara 5,68 persen sisanya merupakan tamu asing.

## C. Star Hotels Guests by Guest Type

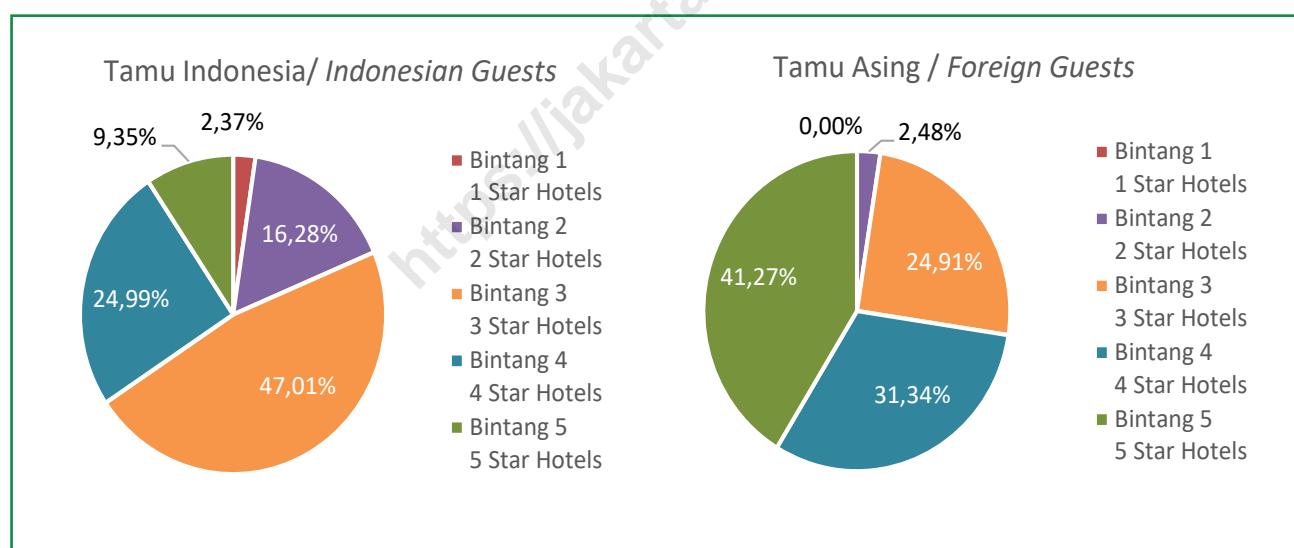
In April 2023, Indonesian guest dominated Jakarta star-hotel room occupancy by 94.32 percent. Meanwhile, the remaining 5.68 percent were foreigners.

Gambar 3 menunjukkan perbandingan persebaran kedua jenis tamu pada setiap kelas hotel bintang. Pada tamu Indonesia, sebagian besar diantaranya menginap di hotel bintang tiga dan empat dengan proporsi masing-masing sebesar 47,01 persen dan 24,99 persen. Tamu asing memiliki perbedaan preferensi dalam memilih kelas hotel bintang untuk disinggahi. Mayoritas tamu asing memilih menginap di hotel bintang lima dan bintang empat dengan persentase masing-masing sebesar 41,27 persen dan 31,34 persen.

Di sisi lain, kelas hotel dengan fasilitas terbatas seperti hotel bintang satu, kurang diminati oleh tamu asing maupun tamu Indonesia. Hal tersebut terlihat dari tidak adanya tamu asing yang menginap di hotel bintang satu dan hanya 2,37 persen tamu Indonesia singgah di hotel bintang Jakarta.

Figure 3 shows a comparison of the distribution of the two types of guests in each star hotel class. Most of Indonesian guests, stayed at three and four-star hotels with the respective proportions of 47.01 percent and 24.99 percent. At the same time, foreign guests have different preferences in choosing a star-class hotel to stay at. Most foreign guests choose to stay in five-star and four-star hotels with a respective percentage of 41.27 percent and 31.34 percent.

On the other hand, hotel classes with limited facilities, such as one-star hotels, are less attractive to foreign and Indonesian guests. This condition can be seen from the absence of foreign guests staying at one-star hotels and only 2.37 percent of Indonesian guests staying at star hotels in Jakarta.



**Gambar 3 Proporsi Tamu Menginap Pada Hotel Bintang di Jakarta Menurut Jenis Tamu dan Klasifikasi Hotel, April 2023**

**Figure 3 The Proportion of Guests Staying at Star Hotels in Jakarta by Guest Type and Hotel Classification, April 2023**

**Tabel 2 Rasio Tamu Asing terhadap Tamu Indonesia pada Hotel Bintang di Jakarta**  
**Table 2 The Ratio of Foreign Guests to Indonesian Guests at Star Hotels in Jakarta**

| Bulan-Tahun/<br>Month-Year | Bintang/Star |      |      |      |      | Gabungan/<br>Composite |
|----------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------------------------|
|                            | 1            | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    |                        |
| (1)                        | (2)          | (3)  | (4)  | (5)  | (6)  | (7)                    |
| April/April 2023           | 0,00         | 0,01 | 0,03 | 0,08 | 0,27 | 0,06                   |
| Maret/March 2023           | 0,00         | 0,01 | 0,03 | 0,09 | 0,38 | 0,09                   |
| April/April 2022           | 0,00         | 0,01 | 0,02 | 0,07 | 0,29 | 0,07                   |

**Tabel 3 Rata-Rata Lama Menginap Tamu Asing dan Tamu Indonesia pada Hotel Bintang di Jakarta menurut Klasifikasi Hotel (hari)**  
**Table 3 Average Length of Stay of Foreign Guests and Indonesian Guests at Star Hotels in Jakarta by Hotel Classification (days)**

| Jenis Tamu/<br>Type of Guests                             | Bulan - Tahun<br>Month - Year | Bintang/Star |      |      |      |      | Gabungan/<br>Composite |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------------------------|
|   |                               | 1            | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    |                        |
| (1)   | (2)                           | (3)          | (4)  | (5)  | (6)  | (7)  | (8)                    |
| Asing/ Foreign Guests                                     | April/April 2023              | 0,00         | 2,91 | 2,44 | 2,03 | 2,69 | 2,43                   |
|   | Maret/March 2023              | 1,00         | 3,32 | 2,43 | 2,96 | 2,26 | 2,47                   |
|   | April/April 2022              | 4,15         | 3,13 | 3,17 | 3,33 | 3,51 | 3,41                   |
| Indonesia/ Indonesian Guests                              | April/April 2023              | 1,50         | 1,70 | 1,66 | 1,82 | 1,85 | 1,72                   |
|   | Maret/March 2023              | 1,76         | 1,58 | 1,76 | 1,95 | 1,84 | 1,79                   |
|   | April/April 2022              | 1,97         | 1,87 | 1,78 | 1,85 | 2,31 | 1,89                   |
| Asing dan Indonesia/ Foreign Guests and Indonesian Guests | April/April 2023              | 1,50         | 1,71 | 1,68 | 1,83 | 2,02 | 1,76                   |
|   | Maret/March 2023              | 1,76         | 1,60 | 1,78 | 2,03 | 1,95 | 1,85                   |
|   | April/April 2022              | 1,98         | 1,88 | 1,80 | 1,95 | 2,58 | 1,99                   |

**Tabel 4 Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (TPK) Hotel Bintang di Jakarta, April 2021 – April 2023 (persen)**  
**Table 4 Occupancy Rate of Star Hotels in Jakarta, April 2021 – April 2023 (percent)**

| Bulan-Tahun/<br>Month-Year | Bintang/Star |       |       |       |       | Gabungan/<br>Composite |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------|
|                            | 1            | 2     | 3     | 4     | 5     |                        |
| (1)                        | (2)          | (3)   | (4)   | (5)   | (6)   | (7)                    |
| April/April 2021           | 35,32        | 56,09 | 48,40 | 41,04 | 47,35 | 46,59                  |
| Mei/May 2021               | 33,12        | 41,94 | 46,35 | 41,29 | 50,75 | 45,23                  |
| Juni/June 2021             | 40,03        | 52,69 | 47,63 | 50,65 | 60,48 | 51,90                  |
| Juli/July 2021             | 25,82        | 27,19 | 33,57 | 30,50 | 33,85 | 31,72                  |
| Agustus/August 2021        | 18,73        | 31,44 | 36,35 | 29,05 | 24,72 | 30,80                  |
| September/September 2021   | 26,69        | 47,50 | 42,06 | 41,25 | 43,94 | 42,62                  |
| Oktober/October 2021       | 33,99        | 49,95 | 47,80 | 48,00 | 59,78 | 50,61                  |
| November/November 2021     | 41,56        | 55,21 | 52,95 | 50,82 | 56,99 | 53,33                  |
| Desember/December 2021     | 34,73        | 57,64 | 59,36 | 58,01 | 61,28 | 58,79                  |
| Januari/January 2022       | 42,93        | 49,84 | 49,23 | 53,88 | 56,76 | 52,26                  |
| Februari/February 2022     | 41,24        | 48,69 | 46,98 | 45,78 | 44,11 | 46,05                  |
| Maret/March 2022           | 41,13        | 56,34 | 51,56 | 54,70 | 52,40 | 52,70                  |
| April/April 2022           | 44,61        | 52,03 | 42,86 | 46,10 | 46,87 | 45,83                  |
| Mei/May 2022               | 47,09        | 55,49 | 50,72 | 52,06 | 51,87 | 51,79                  |
| Juni/June 2022             | 45,03        | 61,05 | 53,58 | 56,05 | 51,05 | 54,32                  |
| Juli/July 2022             | 44,53        | 58,84 | 56,93 | 55,56 | 48,48 | 54,49                  |
| Agustus/August 2022        | 32,93        | 58,68 | 54,59 | 55,17 | 54,83 | 54,76                  |
| September/September 2022   | 40,79        | 60,23 | 54,21 | 56,43 | 49,21 | 54,03                  |
| Oktober/October 2022       | 37,65        | 58,74 | 57,37 | 56,58 | 55,86 | 56,54                  |
| November/November 2022     | 43,59        | 59,55 | 58,72 | 61,56 | 65,28 | 60,81                  |
| Desember/December 2022     | 45,56        | 57,29 | 60,91 | 60,77 | 58,59 | 59,63                  |
| Januari/January 2023       | 46,84        | 57,62 | 48,54 | 44,90 | 47,84 | 48,40                  |
| Februari/February 2023     | 35,67        | 53,20 | 52,99 | 54,53 | 50,69 | 52,62                  |
| Maret/March 2023           | 34,29        | 52,89 | 51,97 | 51,69 | 59,51 | 53,37                  |
| April/April 2023           | 30,74        | 47,20 | 43,95 | 42,54 | 38,06 | 42,52                  |

**Tabel 5 Rata-Rata Lama Menginap Tamu Hotel Bintang di Jakarta, April 2021 – April 2023 (hari)**

**Tabel 5 Average Length of Stay of Star Hotels Guests in Jakarta, April 2021 – April 2023 (days)**

| Bulan-Tahun/<br>Month-Year | Bintang/Star |      |      |      |      | Gabungan/<br>Composite |
|----------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------------------------|
|                            | 1            | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    |                        |
| (1)                        | (2)          | (3)  | (4)  | (5)  | (6)  | (7)                    |
| April/April 2021           | 1,75         | 2,42 | 2,36 | 2,61 | 2,91 | 2,51                   |
| Mei/May 2021               | 1,33         | 1,70 | 1,94 | 2,44 | 3,24 | 2,23                   |
| Juni/June 2021             | 1,41         | 2,20 | 1,90 | 2,69 | 3,44 | 2,36                   |
| Juli/July 2021             | 1,90         | 2,38 | 2,14 | 3,34 | 4,73 | 2,64                   |
| Agustus/August 2021        | 1,27         | 1,87 | 1,82 | 2,66 | 2,33 | 2,05                   |
| September/September 2021   | 1,20         | 2,08 | 1,86 | 2,58 | 2,52 | 2,15                   |
| Oktober/October 2021       | 1,60         | 2,06 | 1,84 | 2,00 | 3,44 | 2,14                   |
| November/November 2021     | 1,34         | 2,30 | 1,77 | 2,27 | 1,92 | 2,00                   |
| Desember/December 2021     | 1,34         | 2,01 | 1,99 | 2,15 | 2,46 | 2,10                   |
| Januari/January 2022       | 2,03         | 2,02 | 1,86 | 2,04 | 2,64 | 2,08                   |
| Februari/February 2022     | 1,73         | 1,75 | 1,95 | 2,25 | 2,64 | 2,09                   |
| Maret/March 2022           | 1,79         | 2,02 | 1,67 | 2,03 | 2,43 | 1,94                   |
| April/April 2022           | 1,98         | 1,88 | 1,80 | 1,95 | 2,58 | 1,99                   |
| Mei/May 2022               | 1,51         | 1,96 | 1,67 | 1,79 | 2,67 | 1,90                   |
| Juni/June 2022             | 2,29         | 1,79 | 1,65 | 1,70 | 2,09 | 1,77                   |
| Juli/July 2022             | 1,57         | 2,11 | 1,71 | 1,80 | 2,33 | 1,88                   |
| Agustus/August 2022        | 1,61         | 1,86 | 1,77 | 2,03 | 2,55 | 1,99                   |
| September/September 2022   | 1,76         | 1,69 | 1,61 | 1,85 | 2,24 | 1,79                   |
| Oktober/October 2022       | 1,65         | 1,92 | 1,83 | 1,82 | 2,09 | 1,88                   |
| November/November 2022     | 1,68         | 1,84 | 1,80 | 2,00 | 2,37 | 1,95                   |
| Desember/December 2022     | 1,79         | 1,64 | 1,57 | 1,90 | 2,03 | 1,74                   |
| Januari/January 2023       | 1,54         | 1,77 | 1,80 | 2,06 | 2,26 | 1,92                   |
| Februari/February 2023     | 1,53         | 1,68 | 1,73 | 1,83 | 2,44 | 1,82                   |
| Maret/March 2023           | 1,76         | 1,60 | 1,78 | 2,03 | 1,95 | 1,85                   |
| April/April 2023           | 1,50         | 1,71 | 1,68 | 1,83 | 2,02 | 1,76                   |

**Tabel 6 Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (TPK) Hotel Bintang di Indonesia, April 2023 (Persen)**  
**Table 6 Occupancy Rate of Star Hotels in Indonesia, April 2023 (Percent)**

| Provinsi/<br>Province | Bintang/Star |       |       |       |       | Gabungan/<br>Composite |
|-----------------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------|
|                       | 1            | 2     | 3     | 4     | 5     |                        |
| (1)                   | (2)          | (3)   | (4)   | (5)   | (6)   | (7)                    |
| Aceh                  | 19,32        | 12,01 | 18,52 | 46,46 | 44,93 | 20,82                  |
| Sumatera Utara        | 29,76        | 35,83 | 39,83 | 48,20 | 51,29 | 41,29                  |
| Sumatera Barat        | 21,97        | 32,33 | 42,01 | 40,56 | 30,48 | 36,49                  |
| Riau                  | 27,83        | 25,44 | 38,69 | 32,81 | 28,93 | 32,80                  |
| Jambi                 | 22,54        | 49,46 | 47,53 | 39,72 | 30,70 | 42,99                  |
| Sumatera Selatan      | 35,06        | 38,96 | 45,98 | 52,26 | 46,96 | 46,01                  |
| Bengkulu              | 25,19        | 27,08 | 38,80 | 29,00 | 0,00  | 32,21                  |
| Lampung               | 37,60        | 46,49 | 49,06 | 42,57 | 0,00  | 46,00                  |
| Kep. Bangka Belitung  | 13,94        | 25,21 | 21,07 | 29,92 | 22,58 | 24,85                  |
| Kepulauan Riau        | 20,75        | 33,23 | 39,73 | 37,75 | 42,20 | 36,78                  |
| DKI Jakarta           | 30,74        | 47,20 | 43,95 | 42,54 | 38,06 | 42,52                  |
| Jawa Barat            | 25,11        | 42,98 | 44,52 | 43,65 | 50,23 | 42,81                  |
| Jawa Tengah           | 23,14        | 40,47 | 39,76 | 48,84 | 52,38 | 41,66                  |
| DI Yogyakarta         | 29,31        | 48,00 | 43,82 | 37,75 | 39,60 | 41,14                  |
| Jawa Timur            | 28,08        | 46,70 | 42,81 | 42,71 | 47,25 | 43,14                  |
| Banten                | 41,63        | 48,80 | 41,73 | 47,57 | 44,71 | 44,02                  |
| Bali                  | 56,74        | 36,60 | 42,77 | 45,07 | 45,04 | 44,31                  |
| NTB                   | 17,37        | 22,80 | 22,65 | 32,66 | 25,81 | 26,70                  |
| NTT                   | 14,02        | 24,80 | 33,72 | 50,24 | 35,62 | 35,03                  |
| Kalimantan Barat      | 0,00         | 44,32 | 41,78 | 61,87 | 0,00  | 47,30                  |
| Kalimantan Tengah     | 14,36        | 40,32 | 43,39 | 39,92 | 0,00  | 38,92                  |
| Kalimantan Selatan    | 28,22        | 47,77 | 47,19 | 52,46 | 0,00  | 46,86                  |
| Kalimantan Timur      | 38,33        | 46,41 | 58,23 | 54,14 | 45,21 | 53,62                  |
| Kalimantan Utara      | 53,55        | 35,75 | 0,00  | 27,73 | 0,00  | 40,46                  |
| Sulawesi Utara        | 29,14        | 31,08 | 30,73 | 42,75 | 29,71 | 35,53                  |
| Sulawesi Tengah       | 30,50        | 37,22 | 23,77 | 44,86 | 0,00  | 31,95                  |
| Sulawesi Selatan      | 31,76        | 37,98 | 39,79 | 46,31 | 24,53 | 37,42                  |
| Sulawesi Tenggara     | 21,63        | 15,18 | 32,37 | 38,59 | 0,00  | 30,23                  |
| Gorontalo             | 6,62         | 43,03 | 30,24 | 39,71 | 0,00  | 34,72                  |
| Sulawesi Barat        | 7,71         | 8,90  | 24,14 | 0,00  | 0,00  | 16,23                  |
| Maluku                | 36,82        | 39,89 | 19,07 | 37,94 | 0,00  | 32,12                  |
| Maluku Utara          | 15,61        | 47,94 | 32,83 | 29,86 | 0,00  | 34,62                  |
| Papua Barat           | 45,08        | 34,74 | 33,72 | 30,93 | 0,00  | 33,03                  |
| Papua                 | 30,64        | 25,96 | 40,12 | 34,16 | 0,00  | 34,83                  |
| INDONESIA             | 29,17        | 40,15 | 41,91 | 43,45 | 42,16 | 41,37                  |

# PERKEMBANGAN TINGKAT PENGHUNIAN KAMAR HOTEL BINTANG JAKARTA, APRIL 2023



## Development of Star Hotels Occupancy Rate in Jakarta, April 2023

Berita Resmi Statistik No.34/06/31/Th. XXV, 05 Juni 2023/June 5th, 2023



### TPK dan RLMT Hotel Bintang di Jakarta, April 2023

Star Hotels Occupancy Rate and Average Length of Stay  
in Jakarta, April 2023

3,31 \*) 42,52%

Tingkat Penghunian Kamar (TPK)

Hotel Bintang di Jakarta

Star Hotels Occupancy Rate in Jakarta

\*) year on year

0,23 \*) 1,76 Hari

Rata-rata Lama Menginap (RLMT)

Tamu asing dan Indonesia pada Hotel

Bintang di Jakarta

Average Length of Stay of Foreign guests

and Indonesian guests at Star Hotels in Jakarta

\*) year on year



Perkembangan Tingkat Penghunian Kamar Hotel di  
Jakarta, April 2022 - April 2023  
Development of Star Hotels Occupancy Rate in Jakarta  
April 2022 - April 2023

### TPK Berdasarkan Klasifikasi Hotel Bintang Star Hotels Occupancy Rate by Hotel Classification

1

2

3

4

5

30,74%

47,20%

43,95%

42,54%

38,06%



BADAN PUSAT STATISTIK  
PROVINSI DKI JAKARTA  
BPS-STATISTICS OF DKI JAKARTA PROVINCE  
<https://www.jakarta.bps.go.id>

Gambar 4 Infografis Perkembangan TPK Jakarta, April 2023  
Figure 4 Infographic of The Star Hotels Occupancy Rate in Jakarta, April 2023



**Tim Penyusun/The Production Team:**  
Penanggungjawab Teknis/Technical Chief (Fery Prasetyo Nugroho )  
Penyunting/Editor (Endah Nurjati)  
Penulis/Writer (Yolanda Wilda Artati)  
Penerjemah/Translator (Yolanda Wilda Artati, Qurratul Aini)  
Infografis/Infographic (Endah Nurjati)



**Perkembangan Ekspor  
DKI Jakarta/  
*Development of Export in  
DKI Jakarta***



https://jak2.go.id



**India Menjadi Pangsa Pasar Baru  
Logam Mulia dan Perhiasan/  
Permata**

*India Becomes a New Market Share for Precious Metals  
and Jewelry/Gems*



Pada bulan April 2023, ekspor Jakarta tercatat US\$ 665,05 juta, turun 32,55 persen dibandingkan Maret 2023. Kendati kinerja ekspor bulan April 2023 berbeda dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya yang mengalami kenaikan, pangsa pasar baru ekspor ke India menunjukkan peningkatan yang cukup menggembirakan. Jika pada bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya tidak ada permintaan komoditas logam mulia dan perhiasan/permata, maka peningkatan ekspor komoditas ini jelas merupakan pencapaian yang baik.

Ekspor Jakarta yang turun baik secara month-to-month maupun year-on-year lebih disebabkan oleh pola musiman moment libur lebaran. Komoditas mesin dan perlengkapan elektrik serta bagianya adalah komoditas dengan penurunan terdalam dibandingkan April 2023. Sedangkan pada sisi negara, Hong Kong menjadi negara dengan penurunan ekspor terdalam.

In April 2023, Jakarta's exports were recorded at US\$ 665.05 million, decreasing 32.55 percent compared to March 2023. Even though the export performance was slightly different compared to the previous month, which increased, the market share of new exports to India showed an encouraging increase. Despite no demand for precious metals and jewellery/precious stones in the same month of the previous year, the increase in exports of these commodities was a good achievement.

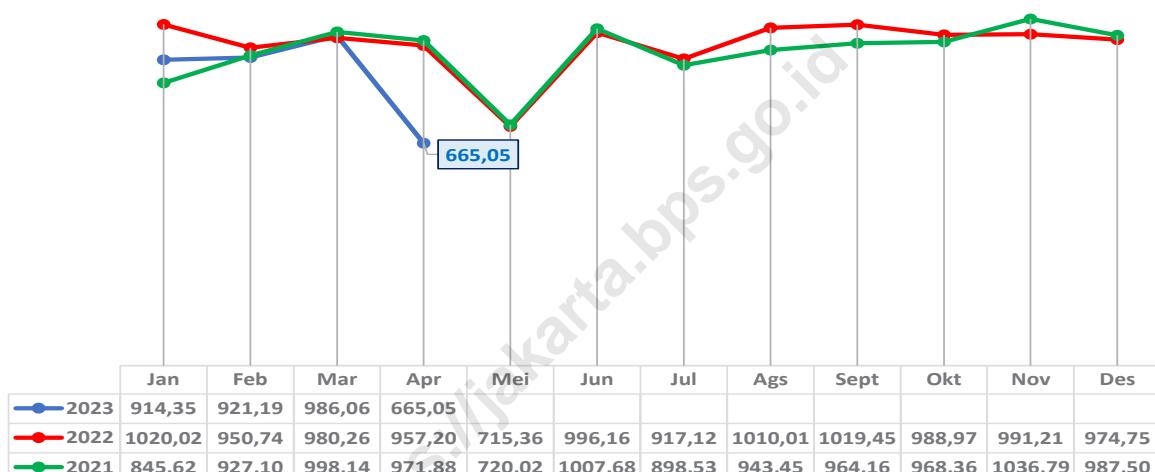
Due to the seasonal pattern of the Eid holidays, Jakarta's exports fell on a month-to-month and year-on-year basis. Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof have the deepest decline compared to April 2023. Meanwhile, based on the destination countries, Hong Kong had the deepest export decline.

## A. Perkembangan Ekspor Month-to-Month

Pada bulan April 2023 ekspor Jakarta tercatat US\$ 665,05 juta, turun cukup dalam 32,55 persen dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya. Penurunan ekspor bulan ini disebabkan oleh penurunan ekspor nonmigas sebesar 32,62 persen. Sementara ekspor migas naik 0,39 persen.

## A. Month to Month Export Performance

In April 2023, Jakarta's exports were recorded at US\$ 665.05 million, a slight decrease of 32.55 percent compared to the previous month. This decline was triggered by a 32.62 percent decline in non-oil and gas exports. Meanwhile, oil and gas exports rose 0.39 percent.



Gambar 1 Perkembangan Ekspor Jakarta Januari 2021 - April 2023 (FOB US\$ Juta)/

Figure 1 The Export of Jakarta in January 2021-April 2023 (FOB US\$ Million)

Penurunan sektor nonmigas terjadi pada semua sektor penopangnya. Sektor pertambangan dan lainnya turun paling dalam sebesar 40,75 persen. Diikuti sektor industri pengolahan yang merupakan sektor terbesar penopang ekspor nonmigas, turun sebesar 33,13 persen dan sektor pertanian sebesar 20,55 persen. Penurunan ekspor Jakarta bulan ini dipengaruhi oleh pola musiman karena adanya momen libur lebaran. Sedangkan sektor migas yang menjadi satu-satunya sektor yang naik pada bulan ini didorong oleh kenaikan permintaan ekspor produk hasil minyak ke Vietnam sebesar 64,23 persen dan pangsa pasar baru ekspor migas ke Filipina pada April 2023 sebesar US\$ 0,37 juta.

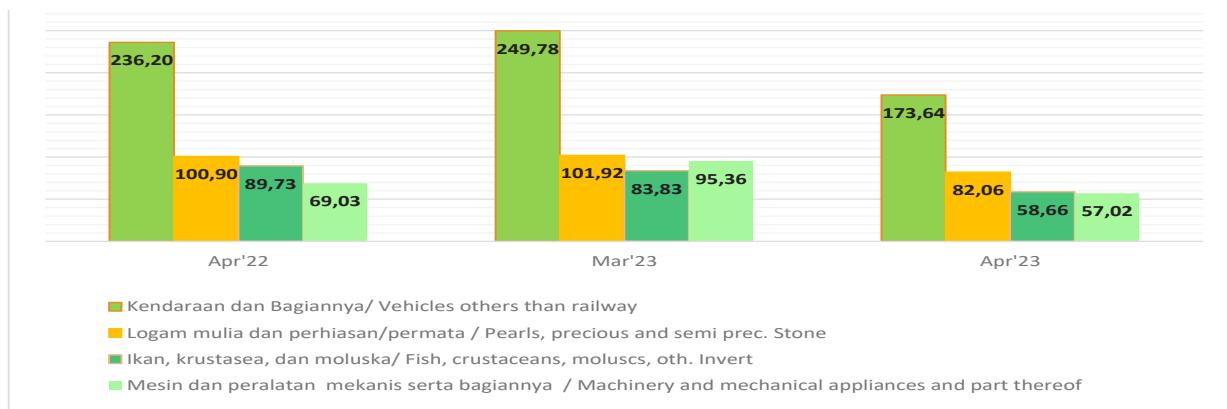
The decline in the non-oil and gas sector occurred in all supporting sectors. The mining and other sectors fell the most by 40.75 percent. Followed by the manufacturing sector, which was the largest sector supporting non-oil and gas exports, fell by 33.13 percent and the agricultural sector by 20.55 percent. This month's decline in Jakarta's exports was influenced by seasonal patterns due to the Eid holiday. Meanwhile, the oil and gas sector was the only sector that increased this month, which was mainly driven by an increase in demand for exports of oil products to Vietnam by 64.23 percent and a new market share for oil and gas exports to the Philippines in April 2023 of US\$ 0.37 million.

Ditinjau dari sisi komoditas, sepuluh komoditas utama turun nilai eksportnya dibanding bulan lalu sebesar 32,11 persen. Mesin dan perlengkapan elektrik serta bagiannya menjadi komoditas yang turun paling dalam sebesar 43,06 persen dengan nilai US\$ 25,05 juta. Penurunan ini disebabkan oleh turunnya nilai ekspor komoditas ini ke Hong Kong sebesar 74,37 persen. Filipina yang merupakan negara tujuan ekspor terbesar komoditas ini turun 26,01 persen. Selain penurunan nilai eksport ke negara tujuan utama, secara spesifik eksport produk peralatan listrik turun cukup dalam hingga 59,18 persen. Sehingga hal ini mendorong penurunan komoditas mesin dan peralatan elektrik dan bagiannya cukup dalam.

Komoditas berikutnya yang turun nilainya bulan ini yaitu lemak dan minyak hewani/nabati (minus 42,35 persen), berbagai produk kimia (minus 42,14 persen), mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya (minus 40,21 persen), tembaga dan barang daripadanya (minus 34,37 persen), kendaraan dan bagiannya (minus 30,48 persen), Ikan, krustasea, dan moluska (minus 30,03 persen), sabun dan preparat pembersih (minus 25,43 persen), pakaian dan aksesorinya (bukan rajutan) (minus 24,82 persen), dan logam mulia dan

In terms of commodities, the ten main commodities decreased in export value compared to last month by 32.11 percent. Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof have the deepest decline by 43.06 percent, with a value of US\$ 25.05 million. This decline was driven by a decrease in the export value of this commodity to Hong Kong by 74.37 percent. Export to Philippines, the largest export destination country for this commodity, fell 26.01 percent. In addition to the decline in the value of exports to the main destination countries, specifically, the export of electrical equipment products fell quite profoundly, up to 59.18 percent. This decline has pushed down deeply the commodity of electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof.

The following commodities whose value fell this month were animal or vegetable fats and oils (minus 42.35 percent), machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof (minus 42.14 percent), machinery and mechanical equipment and their parts (minus 40.21 percent), copper and articles thereof (minus 34.37 percent), vehicles and accessories thereof (minus 30.48 percent), fish, crustaceans and mollusca (minus 30.03 percent), soap and washing preparations (minus 25.43 percent), articles of apparel and clothing accessories (not knitted)



**Gambar 2 Perkembangan Eksport Empat Komoditas Utama dengan Share Terbesar, April 2022, Maret 2023 and April 2023 (FOB US\$ Juta)/**

**Figure 2 The Growth of Four Main Export Commodities With The Largest Share, April 2022, March 2023 and April 2023 (FOB US\$ Million)**

perhiasan/permata (minus 19,49 persen).

Sejalan dengan eksport berdasarkan komoditas, eksport ke sepuluh negara tujuan utama juga mengalami penurunan. Penurunan eksport paling dalam ke negara Hong Kong (minus 55,32 persen) dengan nilai US\$ 22,45 juta. Penurunan eksport ke Hong Kong pada April 2023 disebabkan oleh turunnya komoditas logam mulia dan perhiasan/permata yang memiliki share terbesar eksport ke Hong Kong (minus 55,24 persen).

Negara lain yg juga turun pada bulan ini yaitu Jepang (minus 49,37 persen), Malaysia (minus 42,62 persen), Tiongkok (minus 35,64 persen), Viet Nam (minus 34,95 persen), Amerika Serikat (minus 34,79 persen), Thailand (minus 32,39 persen), Filipina (minus 25,74 persen), India (minus 21,31 persen), dan Singapura (minus 13,34 persen).

## B. Perkembangan Eksport Year-on-Year

Sejalan dengan eksport *month to month*, jika dibandingkan bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya, terjadi penurunan eksport pada April 2023 sebesar 30,52 persen. Penurunan eksport kali ini terjadi baik pada 10 komoditas utama dan komoditas lainnya.

Pada sepuluh komoditas utama eksport, penurunan paling dalam pada komoditas lemak dan minyak hewani/nabati. Eksport komoditas ini menurun ke negara Tiongkok hingga 52,26 persen. Ini menyebabkan komoditas lemak dan minyak hewani/nabati mengalami penurunan sebesar 58,01 persen dibandingkan April 2022.

Eksport komoditas lainnya yang turun secara *year-on-year* yaitu berbagai produk kimia (minus 43,93 persen), ikan, krustasea, dan

(minus 24,82 persen), and precious metals and jewellery/precious stones (minus 19,49 percent).

*In line with exports by commodity, exports to the ten main destination countries also declined. The deepest export decline was to Hong Kong (minus 55.32 percent), valued at US\$ 22.45 million. It was due to a decrease in precious metals and jewellery/precious stones which had the largest share of exports to Hong Kong (minus 55.24 percent).*

*Other countries that also fell this month were Japan (minus 49.37 percent), Malaysia (minus 42.62 percent), China (minus 35.64 percent), Viet Nam (minus 34.95 percent), the United States (minus 34.79 percent), Thailand (minus 32.39 percent), Philippines (minus 25.74 percent), India (minus 21.31 percent), and Singapore (minus 13.34 percent).*

## B. Year-on Year Export Performance

*Similar to month-to-month exports, exports in April 2023 decreased by 30.52 percent compared to the same month the previous year. This time, The decline in exports occurred in the ten main and other commodities.*

*The deepest decline was in animal or vegetable fats and oils. Exports of these commodities to China decreased by up to 52.26 percent. It caused the commodity of animal or vegetable fats and oils to fall by 58.01 percent compared to April 2022.*

*Export of other commodities that declined year-on-year were miscellaneous chemical products (minus 43.94 percent), fish, crustaceans and*

moluska (minus 34,63 persen), pakaian dan aksesorinya (bukan rajutan) (minus 28,59 persen), mesin dan perlengkapan elektrik serta bagiannya (minus 26,66 persen), kendaraan dan bagiannya (minus 26,49 persen), tembaga dan barang daripadanya (minus 24,65 persen), logam mulia dan perhiasan/permata (minus 18,67 persen), sabun dan preparat pembersih (minus 18,38 persen), dan mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya (minus 17,40 persen).

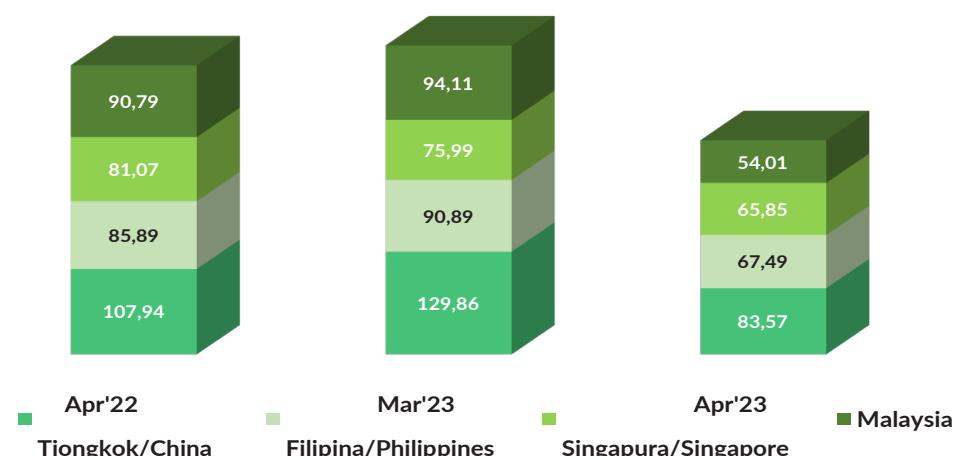
Sedikit berbeda dengan kinerja komoditas ekspor, berdasarkan negara tujuan utama ekspor, secara *year-on-year*, tidak semua negara mengalami penurunan nilai ekspor. India menjadi satu-satunya negara utama yang naik ekspornya secara *year-on-year*. India menujukan peningkatan ekspor hingga 50,09 persen. Peningkatan ekspor ke India dipengaruhi oleh adanya ekspor komoditas logam mulia dan perhiasan/permata yang cukup besar yaitu US\$ 12,90 juta, dimana sebelumnya tidak ada ekspor komoditas ini ke India pada April 2022.

Pada sembilan negara utama lainnya terjadi penurunan ekspor yang cukup dalam hingga 2 digit. Negara yang mengalami penurunan ekspor paling dalam yaitu Hong Kong

*mollusca (minus 34.63 percent), Articles of apparel and clothing accessories (not knitted) (minus 28.59 percent), electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof (minus 26.66 percent), vehicles and accessories thereof (minus 26.49 percent), copper and articles thereof (minus 24.65 percent), precious metals and jewellery/precious stones (minus 18.67 percent ), soap and washing preparations (minus 18.38 percent), and machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof (minus 17.40 percent).*

*Slightly different from the performance of export commodities, based on the main export destination countries, on a year-on-year basis, not all countries declined in export value. Export to India increased on a year-on-year basis while other countries decreased. India showed an increase of up to 50.09 percent. The increase in exports to India was triggered by the export of Precious metals and jewellery/precious stones, which was quite large, namely US\$ 12.90 million, where previously there were no exports of these commodities to India in April 2022.*

*Nine other major countries showed a significant decline in exports, up to 2 digits. The country that had the deepest decline was Hong Kong (minus 56.78 percent). The*



**Gambar 3 Perkembangan Eksport ke Empat Negara Tujuan Utama dengan Share Terbesar, April 2022, Maret 2023 and April 2023 (FOB US\$ Juta)/  
Figure 3 The Growth of Export to Four Main Destination Countries With The Largest Share, April 2022, March 2023 and April 2023 (FOB US\$ Million)**

(minus 56,78 persen). Turunnya ekspor komoditas logam mulia dan perhiasan/permata yang signifikan hingga 63,32 persen mempengaruhi penurunan ekspor ke Hong Kong tahun ini.

*significant decrease in exports of Precious metals and jewellery/precious stones, up to 63.32 percent, affected the decline in exports to Hong Kong this year.*

**Tabel 1 Eksport Jakarta Menurut Sektor, April 2023/  
Table 1 Export of Jakarta by Sector, April 2023**

| Sektor/Sector                                  | Nilai FOB (Juta US\$)/<br>Value FOB (Million US\$) | Percentase terhadap nilai/<br>Share |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| (1)  | (2)  | (3)                                 |
| 1. Migas/Oil and Gas                           | 2,00   | 0,30                                |
| 2. Industri Pengolahan/ Manufacturing Industry | 631,22   | 94,91                               |
| 3. Pertanian/Agriculture                       | 31,72  | 4,77                                |
| 4. Pertambangan dan Lainnya/Mining and others  | 0,11   | 0,02                                |
| Total  | 665,05   | 100,00                              |

**Tabel 2 Eksport Jakarta Menurut Negara Tujuan, April 2023/  
Table 2 Export of Jakarta by Main Destination Country, April 2023**

| Negara Tujuan Eksport<br>Export Destination Country     | Nilai (FOB Juta US\$)/<br>Value (FOB Million US\$) |        |        | Perubahan (%)/<br>Change (%)               |                                       | Peran<br>Terhadap<br>Total/ Share<br>Apr'23 (%) |
|---|--|--------|--------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
|   | Apr'22   | Mar'23 | Apr'23 | Apr'23 Thd<br>Mar'23/<br>month to<br>month | Apr'23 thd<br>Apr'22/<br>year-on-year |   |
| (1)   | (2)  | (3)    | (4)    | (5)  | (6)                                   | (7)   |
| Tiongkok/China  | 107,94   | 129,86 | 83,57  | -35,64                                     | -22,58                                | 12,57   |
| Filipina/Philippines                                    | 85,89  | 90,89  | 67,49  | -25,74                                     | -21,42                                | 10,15   |
| Singapura/Singapore                                     | 81,07  | 75,99  | 65,85  | -13,34                                     | -18,78                                | 9,90  |
| Malaysia  | 90,79  | 94,11  | 54,01  | -42,62                                     | -40,52                                | 8,12  |
| Amerika Serikat/United State                            | 85,87  | 77,37  | 50,45  | -34,79                                     | -41,25                                | 7,59  |
| Jepang/Japan  | 46,49  | 63,02  | 31,91  | -49,37                                     | -31,36                                | 4,80  |
| Thailand  | 44,59  | 46,93  | 31,72  | -32,39                                     | -28,86                                | 4,77  |
| Vietnam   | 59,08  | 46,86  | 30,48  | -34,95                                     | -48,40                                | 4,58  |
| India   | 15,98  | 30,47  | 23,98  | -21,31                                     | 50,09                                 | 3,61  |
| Hong Kong   | 51,94  | 50,24  | 22,45  | -55,32                                     | -56,78                                | 3,38  |
| Total 10 Negara/ Total of Ten Countries                 | 669,64   | 705,74 | 461,92 | -34,55                                     | -31,02                                | 69,46   |
| Lainnya/Others  | 287,55   | 280,32 | 203,13 | -27,54                                     | -29,36                                | 30,54   |
| Total Eksport DKI Jakarta / Total Export of DKI Jakarta | 957,20   | 986,06 | 665,05 | -32,55                                     | -30,52                                | 100,00  |

Negara selanjutnya yang turun yaitu Vietnam (minus 48,40 persen), Amerika Serikat (minus 41,25 persen), Malaysia (minus 40,52 persen), Jepang (minus 31,36 persen), Thailand (minus 28,86 persen), Tiongkok (minus 22,58 persen), Filipina (minus 21,42 persen), dan Singapura (minus 18,78 persen).

*It was followed by Vietnam (minus 48.40 percent), United States (minus 41.25 percent), Malaysia (minus 40.52 percent), Japan (minus 31.36 percent), Thailand (minus 28.86 percent), China (minus 22.58 percent), Philippines (minus 21.42 percent), and Singapore (minus 18.78 percent).*

**Tabel 3 Ekspor Jakarta, 2021-2023/  
Table 3 Export of Jakarta, 2021-2023**

| Tahun-Bulan<br><i>Year-Month</i> | Nilai FOB<br>(US\$ Juta)/<br><i>Value FOB</i><br>(US\$ Million) | Perubahan (%)/<br><i>Percentage of Change (%)</i> |  | Kumulatif s.d bulan ini<br><i>Cumulative</i>                    |  |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|
|                                  |   | Terhadap bulan<br>lalu/<br><i>Month-to-month</i>  | Terhadap bulan<br>yang sama tahun<br>lalu/ <i>Year-on-year</i> | Nilai FOB<br>(US\$ Juta)/<br><i>Value FOB</i><br>(US\$ Million) | Perubahan<br>terhadap periode<br>yang sama (%)/<br><i>Year-on-year (%)</i> |
| (1)                              | (2)   | (3)   | (4)  | (5)   | (6)  |
| <b>2021</b>                      |   |   |  |   |  |
| Maret/March                      | 998,14  | 7,66  | 20,79  | 2 770,87  | 6,40   |
| April/April                      | 971,88  | -2,63   | 60,60  | 3 742,75  | 16,62  |
| Mei/May                          | 720,0   | -25,9   | 38,0   | 4 462,8   | 19,6   |
| Juni/June                        | 1 007,68  | 39,95   | 45,44  | 5 470,44  | 23,66  |
| Juli/July                        | 898,53  | -10,83  | 9,65   | 6 368,97  | 21,47  |
| Agustus/August                   | 943,45  | 5,00  | 10,61  | 7 312,41  | 19,95  |
| September/September              | 964,16  | 2,20  | -1,32  | 8 276,58  | 17,01  |
| Okttober/October                 | 968,36  | 0,43  | 0,78   | 9 244,93  | 15,07  |
| November/November                | 1 036,79  | 7,07  | 7,91   | 10 281,72   | 14,30  |
| Desember/December                | 987,50  | -4,75   | 12,64  | 11 269,22   | 14,16  |
| <b>2022</b>                      |   |   |  |   |  |
| Januari/January                  | 1 020,02  | 3,26  | 20,60  | 1 020,02  | 20,60  |
| Februari/February                | 950,74  | -6,79   | 2,53   | 1 970,75  | 11,15  |
| Maret/March                      | 980,26  | 3,11  | -1,79  | 2 951,02  | 6,49   |
| April/April                      | 957,20  | -2,35   | -1,49  | 3 908,21  | 4,42   |
| Mei/May                          | 715,4   | -25,3   | -0,7   | 4 623,60  | 3,6  |
| Juni/June                        | 996,16  | 39,25   | -1,14  | 5 619,73  | 2,72   |
| Juli/July                        | 917,12  | -7,93   | 7,42   | 6 536,85  | 3,35   |
| Agustus/August                   | 1 010,01  | 10,13   | 6,73   | 7 546,86  | 3,79   |
| September/September              | 1 019,45  | 0,94  | 5,75   | 8 566,31  | 4,02   |
| Okttober/October                 | 988,97  | -2,99   | 2,14   | 9 555,28  | 3,83   |
| November/November                | 991,21  | 0,23  | -4,41  | 10 546,49   | 2,99   |
| Desember/December                | 974,75  | -1,66   | -1,29  | 11 521,25   | 2,24   |
| <b>2023</b>                      |   |   |  |   |  |
| Januari/January                  | 914,35  | -6,20   | -10,36   | 914,35  | -10,36   |
| Februari/February                | 921,19  | 0,75  | -3,11  | 1 835,54  | -6,86  |
| Maret/March                      | 986,06  | 7,04  | 0,59   | 2 821,60  | -4,39  |
| April/April                      | 665,05  | -32,55  | -30,52   | 3 486,66  | -10,79   |

**Tabel 4 Ekspor Melalui Jakarta, 2021 - 2023/  
Table 4 Export Through Jakarta, 2021-2023**

| Tahun-Bulan<br><i>Year-Month</i> | Nilai FOB<br>(US\$ Juta)/<br><i>Value FOB</i><br>(US\$ Million) | Perubahan (%)/<br><i>Percentage of Change (%)</i> |  | Kumulatif s.d bulan ini<br><i>Cumulative</i>                    |  |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|
|                                  |   | Terhadap bulan<br>lalu/<br><i>Month-to-month</i>  | Terhadap bulan<br>yang sama tahun<br>lalu/ <i>Year-on-year</i> | Nilai FOB<br>(US\$ Juta)/<br><i>Value FOB</i><br>(US\$ Million) | Perubahan<br>terhadap periode<br>yang sama (%)/<br><i>Year-on-year (%)</i> |
| (1)                              | (2)   | (3)   | (4)  | (5)   | (6)  |
| <b>2021</b>                      |   |   |  |   |  |
| Maret/March                      | 5 570,57  | 13,26   | 25,18  | 15 206,31   | 15,11  |
| April/April                      | 5 681,44  | 1,99  | 36,19  | 20 887,75   | 20,17  |
| Mei/May                          | 4 370,47  | -23,07  | 34,88  | 25 258,22   | 22,48  |
| Juni/June                        | 5 312,49  | 21,55   | 31,77  | 25 853,56   | 4,87   |
| Juli/July                        | 4 936,24  | -7,08   | 0,14   | 35 506,95   | 20,03  |
| Agustus/August                   | 5 533,71  | 12,10   | 17,84  | 41 040,65   | 19,73  |
| September/September              | 5 567,83  | 0,62  | 14,09  | 46 608,48   | 19,02  |
| Okttober/October                 | 5 489,64  | -1,40   | 12,09  | 52 098,12   | 18,25  |
| November/November                | 6 176,21  | 12,51   | 32,71  | 58 274,33   | 19,63  |
| Desember/December                | 5 794,23  | -6,18   | 16,71  | 64 068,57   | 19,36  |
| <b>2022</b>                      |   |   |  |   |  |
| Januari/January                  | 5 867,20  | 1,26  | 24,38  | 5 867,20  | 24,38  |
| Februari/February                | 5 881,35  | 0,24  | 19,57  | 11 748,55   | 21,93  |
| Maret/March                      | 6 919,64  | 17,65   | 24,22  | 18 668,19   | 22,77  |
| April/April                      | 6 236,99  | -9,87   | 9,78   | 24 905,18   | 19,23  |
| Mei/May                          | 4 553,40  | -26,99  | 4,19   | 29 458,58   | 16,63  |
| Juni/June                        | 6 139,83  | 34,84   | 15,57  | 35 598,41   | 37,69  |
| Juli/July                        | 5 767,16  | -6,07   | 16,83  | 41 365,58   | 16,50  |
| Agustus/August                   | 5 999,43  | 4,03  | 8,42   | 47 365,00   | 15,41  |
| September/September              | 5 732,23  | -4,45   | 2,95   | 53 097,24   | 13,92  |
| Okttober/October                 | 5 522,15  | -3,66   | 0,59   | 58 619,39   | 12,52  |
| November/November                | 5 544,07  | 0,40  | -10,24   | 64 163,46   | 10,11  |
| Desember/December                | 5 267,22  | -4,99   | -9,10  | 69 430,68   | 8,37   |
| <b>2023</b>                      |   |   |  |   |  |
| Januari/January                  | 5 552,57  | 5,42  | -5,36  | 5 552,57  | -5,36  |
| Februari/February                | 5 176,16  | -6,78   | -11,99   | 10 728,73   | -8,68  |
| Maret/March                      | 6 124,65  | 18,32   | -11,49   | 16 853,38   | -9,72  |
| April/April                      | 4 033,55  | -34,14  | -35,33   | 20 886,93   | -16,13   |

**Tabel 5 Ekspor Unggulan Jakarta Berdasarkan Golongan Barang (HS dua digit), April 2023/**

**Table 5 Export of Jakarta by Main Commodities Group (double digit HS), April 2023**

| Golongan Barang (HS)/<br>Commodities   | Nilai FOB (Juta US\$)/<br>Value FOB (Million US\$) |        |        | Perubahan (%)/<br>Change (%)           |                                       | Peran<br>Terhadap<br>Total/ Share<br>Apr'23 (%) |
|--|--|--------|--------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
|  | Apr'22   | Mar'23 | Apr'23 | Apr'23 Thd<br>Mar'23/month<br>to month | Apr'23 thd<br>Apr'22/year-<br>on-year |   |
| (1)  | (2)  | (3)    | (4)    | (5)                                    | (6)                                   | (7)   |
| Kendaraan dan Bagiannya/ Vehicles others than railway  | 236,20   | 249,78 | 173,64 | -30,48                                 | -26,49                                | 26,11   |
| Logam mulia dan perhiasan/permata / Pearls, precious and semi prec. Stone                              | 100,90   | 101,92 | 82,06  | -19,49                                 | -18,67                                | 12,34   |
| Ikan, krustasea, dan moluska/ Fish, crustaceans, moluscs, oth. Invert                                  | 89,73  | 83,83  | 58,66  | -30,03                                 | -34,63                                | 8,82  |
| Mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya / Machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof     | 69,03  | 95,36  | 57,02  | -40,21                                 | -17,40                                | 8,57  |
| Lemak & Minyak Hewan / Nabati / Animal or vegt. Fats and oils  | 73,18  | 53,31  | 30,73  | -42,35                                 | -58,01                                | 4,62  |
| Mesin dan perlengkapan elektrik serta bagiannya / Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof | 34,16  | 44,00  | 25,05  | -43,06                                 | -26,66                                | 3,77  |
| Berbagai produk kimia/Miscellaneous chemical products  | 40,53  | 39,28  | 22,73  | -42,14                                 | -43,93                                | 3,42  |
| Sabun dan preparat pembersih/Soap and washing preparations   | 27,63  | 30,24  | 22,55  | -25,43                                 | -18,38                                | 3,39  |
| Pakaian dan aksesorinya (bukan rajutan)/Articles of apparel and clothing accessories (not knitted)     | 24,77  | 23,53  | 17,69  | -24,82                                 | -28,59                                | 2,66  |
| Tembaga dan barang daripadanya/Copper and articles thereof   | 19,29  | 22,15  | 14,54  | -34,37                                 | -24,65                                | 2,19  |
| Total 10 Golongan Barang/<br>Total of 10 Commodity Groups  | 715,42   | 743,40 | 504,66 | -32,11                                 | -29,46                                | 75,88   |
| Lainnya/ Others  | 241,78   | 242,66 | 160,39 | -33,90                                 | -33,66                                | 24,12   |
| Total Ekspor Jakarta/ Total Export of Jakarta  | 957,20   | 986,06 | 665,05 | -32,55                                 | -30,52                                | 100,00  |

**Tabel 6 Ekspor Jakarta Menurut Kawasan, April 2023/**

**Table 6 Export of Jakarta by Continent, April 2023**

| Kawasan/Continent                                | Nilai FOB (Juta US\$)/<br>Value FOB (Million US\$) | Percentase terhadap nilai/<br>Share |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
|  |  | (3)                                 |
| (1)  | (2)  | (3)                                 |
| 1. Afrika/Africa                                 | 27,62  | 4,15                                |
| 2. Amerika/America                               | 86,04  | 12,94                               |
| 3. Asia  | 495,99   | 74,58                               |
| 4. Eropa/Europe                                  | 39,59  | 5,95                                |
| 5. Australia                                     | 15,81  | 2,38                                |
| Total Ekspor Jakarta/<br>Total Export of Jakarta | 665,05   | 100,00                              |

# PERKEMBANGAN EKSPOR DKI JAKARTA, APRIL 2023



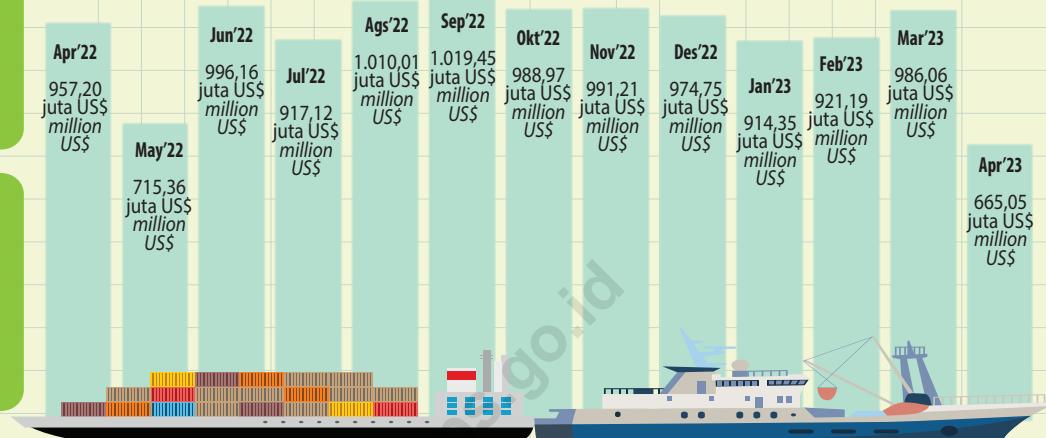
*Development of Export in DKI Jakarta, April 2023*

Berita Resmi Statistik No. 35/06/31/Th.XXV, 5 Juni 2023/5 June 2023

Dibandingkan  
Maret 2023  
(Month-to-Month)  
 32,55%

Dibandingkan  
April 2022  
(Year-On-Year)  
 30,52%

Eksport Apr 2022 - Apr 2023/Exports Apr 2022- Apr 2023



Negara Tujuan Utama Eksport dengan Penurunan Tertinggi/  
Main Export Destination Countries with the Highest Decline



HONG KONG

m-to-m **-55,32%**  
(Y-on-Y: -56,78%)



JEPANG/JAPAN

m-to-m **-49,37%**  
(Y-on-Y: -31,36%)



MALAYSIA

m-to-m **-42,62%**  
(Y-on-Y: -40,52%)



TIONGKOK/CHINA

m-to-m **-35,64%**  
(Y-on-Y: -22,58%)



VIETNAM

m-to-m **-34,95%**  
(Y-on-Y: -48,40%)

Komoditas Eksport Utama dengan Penurunan Tertinggi/  
Main Export Commodities with the Highest Decline



Mesin dan Perlengkapan Elektrik serta Bagiannya/ Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof -(85)



Lemak dan Minyak Hewan Nabati/ Animal or vegt. Fats and oils-(15)



Berbagai Produk Kimia/ Miscellaneous chemical products-(38)



Mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya/ Machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof -(84)



Tembaga dan barang daripadanya/ Copper and articles thereof -(74)

m-to-m **-43,06%**  
(Y-on-Y: -26,66%)

m-to-m **-42,35%**  
(Y-on-Y: -58,01%)

m-to-m **-42,14%**  
(Y-on-Y: -43,93%)

m-to-m **-40,21%**  
(Y-on-Y: -17,40%)

m-to-m **-34,37%**  
(Y-on-Y: -24,65%)



BADAN PUSAT STATISTIK  
PROVINSI DKI JAKARTA  
<https://www.jakarta.bps.go.id>

Gambar 4 Infografis Perkembangan Eksport DKI Jakarta, April 2023

Figure 4 Infographic of The Development of Export in DKI Jakarta, April 2023



**Tim Penyusun/The Production Team:**  
Penanggungjawab Teknis/Technical Chief (Feri Prasetyo Nugroho)  
Pengolah Data/Data Processing (Dwi Agus Pujilestari)  
Penyunting/Editor (Qurratul Aini)  
Penulis/Writer (Felasofa Rahmatanti)  
Penerjemah/Translator (Qurratul Aini/Hastanti Sukoco Putri)  
Infografis/Infographic (Dwi Agus Pujilestari)

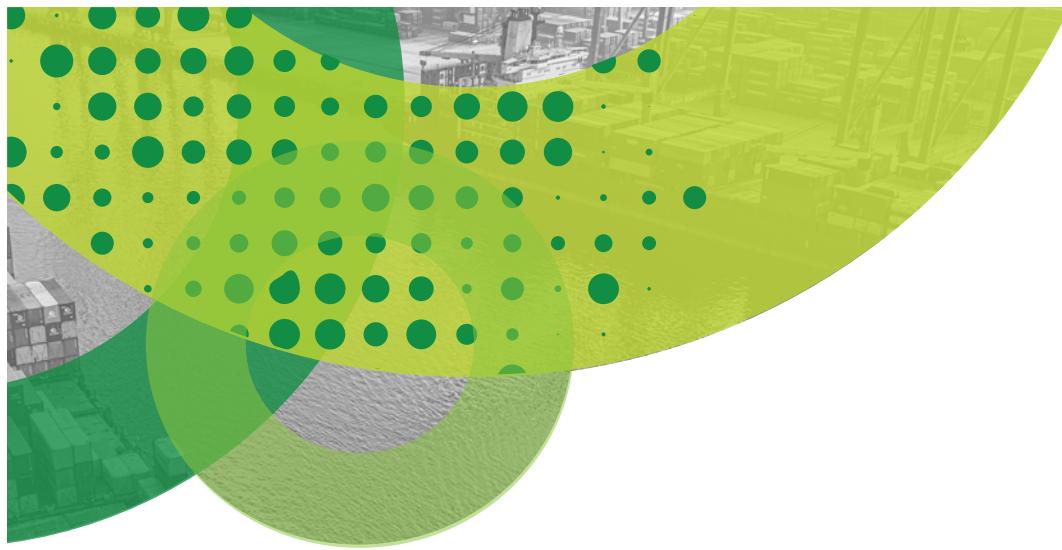


**Perkembangan Impor  
DKI Jakarta/  
*Development of Import in  
DKI Jakarta***



**Impor Daging Hewan Melonjak di  
tengah Penurunan Kinerja Impor**

*Imports of Meats and edible meat offal Soar Amid Imports Decline*



Di tengah gejolak ekonomi global yang belum mereda, ekonomi Jakarta terus menunjukkan ketahanan dan prospek yang baik. Optimisme terhadap pemulihan ekonomi Jakarta perlu terus diperkuat dengan mendorong produktivitas masyarakat. Salah satu indikator penguatan fundamental pemulihan ekonomi adalah impor.

Nilai impor Jakarta pada April 2023 tercatat sebesar US\$ 4.876,16 juta. Angka ini terkontraksi 32,68 persen dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya. Penurunan impor pada periode ini dipicu oleh penurunan impor pada sektor migas maupun nonmigas. Sementara itu, nilai impor kumulatif juga mengalami penurunan sebesar 5,73 persen dibandingkan periode yang sama pada tahun sebelumnya.

Secara year-on-year, impor Jakarta mengalami penurunan sebesar 20,60 persen. Hal ini dipicu penurunan impor pada kelompok bahan baku/penolong sebesar 28,93 persen, diikuti penurunan impor pada kelompok barang konsumsi sebesar 12,26 persen. Sementara itu, kelompok barang modal tumbuh positif 4,82 persen dibandingkan bulan yang sama pada periode sebelumnya. Kenaikan impor barang modal menunjukkan adanya peningkatan aktivitas sektoral.

*Amidst the ongoing global economic turmoil, Jakarta's economy shows resilience and good prospects. Optimism for Jakarta's economic recovery needs to be strengthened by boosting people's productivity. One indicator of strengthening the fundamentals of economic recovery is imports.*

*Jakarta's import value in April 2023 was recorded at US\$ 4,876.16 million. This figure contracted 32.68 percent compared to the previous month. A decrease in imports in the oil and gas and non-oil and gas sectors triggered the decline in imports in this period. Meanwhile, the cumulative import value decreased by 5.73 percent compared to the same period in the previous year.*

*On a year-on-year, Jakarta's imports decreased by 20.60 percent. This decline was triggered by a decrease in imports in the intermediate goods of 28.93 percent, followed by a decline in imports in the consumer goods of 12.26 percent. Meanwhile, the imports of capital goods grew positively by 4.82 percent compared to the same month in the previous period. The increase in imports of capital goods indicated an increase in sectoral activity.*

## A. Kondisi Impor April 2023

Impor Jakarta tercatat US\$ 4.876,16 juta pada April 2023. Sementara impor kumulatif Januari-April 2023 mencapai US\$ 23.979,18 juta. Angka impor kumulatif ini mengalami kontraksi 5,73 persen dibandingkan Januari-April 2022.

Pada periode ini, impor Jakarta mengalami kontraksisebesar32,68persendibandingkan bulan sebelumnya. Kondisi ini sama seperti tahun sebelumnya. Impor nonmigas turun 33,60 persen. Sedangkan impor migas mengalami kenaikan 4,97 persen. Karena sektor nonmigas mendominasi impor Jakarta (96,29 persen dari total impor Jakarta), maka penurunan impor pada sektor ini akan sangat mempengaruhi nilai total impor Jakarta.

Penurunan impor ini juga didorong oleh penurunan impor pada sepuluh komoditas utama di Jakarta. Secara total impor sepuluh komoditasutama turunsebesar30,07 persen dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya. Komoditas utama yang mengalami penurunan terbesar yakni kendaraan dan bagiannya turun 40,69 persen. Jepang merupakan negara pemasok utama komoditas kendaraan dan bagiannya. Diikuti penurunan impor pada komoditas plastik dan barang dari plastik turun 38,50 persen dan komoditas bahan kimia organik turun 38,02 persen.

Di sisi lain, impor pada komoditas daging hewan mengalami kenaikan sebesar 63,28 persen dibanding Maret 2023. Australia merupakan pemasok utama komoditas daging hewan. Komoditas susu, mentega, dan telur naik sebesar 2,11 persen. Negara pemasok utama komoditas ini adalah Selandia Baru.

Bila ditinjau menurut asal negara, impor Jakarta masih didominasi oleh produk

## A. Import Performance in April 2023

Jakarta's imports were recorded at US\$ 4,876.16 million in April 2023. Meanwhile, cumulative imports from January to April 2023 reached US\$ 23,979.18 million. This cumulative import contracted by 5.73 percent compared to January to April 2022.

In this period, Jakarta's imports contracted by 32.68 percent compared to the previous month. This condition was the same as the last year. Non-oil and gas imports fell 33.60 percent. Meanwhile, oil and gas imports increased by 4.97 percent. Because the non-oil and gas sector dominated Jakarta's imports (96.29 percent of Jakarta's total imports), the decline in imports in this sector will significantly affect the value of Jakarta's total imports.

The decline in imports was also driven by decreased imports of ten main commodities in Jakarta. In total, imports of the ten main commodities decreased by 30.07 percent compared to the previous month. The main commodities with the biggest decline were vehicles and accessories thereof fell by 40.69 percent. Japan was the main supplier of vehicles and accessories thereof. This decline was followed by imports of vehicles and accessories thereof, which fell 38.50 percent, and organic chemicals fell 38.02 percent.

On the other hand, imports of meat and edible meat offal commodities soared by 63.28 percent compared to March 2023. Australia was the main supplier of meat and edible meat offal. The imports of milk, butter, and eggs rose by 2.11 percent, and New Zealand was the main supplier country for this commodity.

Based on the country of origin, Jakarta's imports were dominated by products from

dari negara-negara di benua Asia, dengan kontribusi sebesar 78,87 persen terhadap total impor Jakarta. Produk Tiongkok mendominasi impor Jakarta yaitu sebesar (34,91 persen), diikuti Jepang (12,21 persen) dan Thailand (6,50 persen).

Secara year-on-year, impor Jakarta juga terkotaksi sebesar 20,60 persen dibandingkan April 2022. Penurunan ini dipicu turunnya impor sektor migas maupun nonmigas masing-masing turun sebesar 1,21 persen dan 21,20 persen.

Menurunnya impor pada periode ini juga didorong oleh impor sepuluh komoditas utama yang turun sebesar 16,90 persen dibandingkan April 2022. Komoditas utama yang mengalami penurunan terbesar adalah komoditas plastik dan barang dari plastik sebesar 41,32 persen. Tiongkok adalah negara pemasok utama komoditas plastik dan barang dari plastik. Selanjutnya, diikuti penurunan komoditas bahan kimia organik sebesar 35,79 persen dan komoditas berbagai produk kimia turun sebesar 30,99 persen.

## B.Perkembangan Impor Berdasarkan Klasifikasi Golongan Penggunaan Barang Impor (BEC) April 2023

Tinjauan berdasarkan klasifikasi golongan penggunaan barang impor (BEC), impor pada kelompok barang modal mengalami kenaikan 4,82 persen secara year-on-year. Di sisi lain, kelompok barang konsumsi dan bahan baku/penolong mengalami penurunan masing-masing sebesar 12,26 persen dan 28,93 persen dibandingkan April 2022.

Impor pada periode ini masih didominasi

countries in the Asian continent, with a contribution of 78.87 percent to Jakarta's total imports. Chinese products dominated Jakarta's imports (34.91 percent), followed by Japan (12.21 percent) and Thailand (6.50 percent).

On a year-on-year basis, Jakarta's imports contracted by 20.60 percent compared to April 2022. This decrease was triggered by decreasing imports in the oil and gas and non-oil and gas sectors, which fell by 1.21 percent and 21.20 percent, respectively.

The decline in imports in this period was driven by imports of the ten main commodities, which fell by 16.90 percent compared to April 2022. The main commodities with the most significant decline were plastics and articles thereof by 41.32 percent. China was a major supplier of plastics and articles thereof. Furthermore, it was followed by a decrease in the commodity of organic chemicals by 35.79 percent, and the commodity of miscellaneous chemical products decreased by 30.99 percent.

## B. Imports Performance Based on the Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification in April 2023

Based on the classification of the use of imported goods (BEC), imports in the capital goods group increased by 4.82 percent year-on-year. On the other hand, the consumer goods and intermediate goods groups declined by 12.26 percent and 28.93 percent, respectively, compared to April 2022.

The intermediate goods dominated imports

oleh kelompok bahan baku/penolong dengan andil sebesar 61,52 persen. Secara month-to-month, impor pada kelompok ini mengalami penurunan sebesar 32,77 persen. Hal ini dipicu oleh penurunan pada Sebagian besar komoditas utama, diantaranya komoditas plastik dan barang dari plastik turun 39,04 persen, diikuti penurunan mesin dan peralatan elektrik serta bagiannya sebesar 34,13 persen. Negara pemasok utama pada kelompok ini berasal dari Tiongkok, Jepang, dan Thailand.

Selanjutnya, kelompok barang modal memiliki andil terbesar kedua yaitu sebesar 24,04 persen. Impor pada kelompok ini mengalami penurunan 37,62 persen dibandingkan bulan sebelumnya. Komoditas utama yang mengalami penurunan terbesar pada kelompok ini yakni kendaraan dan bagiannya turun 44,45 persen. Tiongkok, Jepang, dan Republik Korea adalah negara pemasok utama pada kelompok barang modal.

Impor pada kelompok barang konsumsi juga turun sebesar 21,95 persen dibandingkan Maret 2023. Hal ini dipicu oleh penurunan impor pada beberapa komoditas seperti mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya turun 45,40 persen. Negara pemasok utama dari kelompok ini adalah Tiongkok, Australia, dan India.

*in this period, with a share of 61.52 percent of the total imports of Jakarta. On a month-to-month basis, imports in this group decreased by 32.77 percent. This decline was triggered by a decrease in most of the main commodities, including plastics and articles thereof, which fell 39.04 percent, followed by a decline in electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof by 34.13 percent. The main supplier countries in this group were China, Japan, and Thailand.*

*Furthermore, the capital goods group had the second largest share, 24.04 percent of Jakarta's total imports. Imports in this group decreased by 37.62 percent compared to the previous month. The main commodities with the most significant decline in this group were vehicles and accessories thereof, which fell 44.45 percent. Based on the origin country, China, Japan, and the Republic of Korea were the main supplier countries in this group.*

*Imports in the consumer goods group fell by 21.95 percent compared to March 2023. This decline was triggered by a decrease in imports of several commodities, such as machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof, which fell 45.40 percent. The main supplier countries for this group were China, Australia, and India.*

**Tabel 1 Impor Migas dan Nonmigas Jakarta, April 2023**

**Table 1 Imports of Oil and Gas and Non-oil and Gas of Jakarta, April 2023**

| Kelompok/<br>Categories                         | Nilai (CIF Juta US\$)/<br>Value (CIF Million US\$) |                   |                   |                           |                           | Perubahan (%)/<br>Change (%) |        |        |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
|   | Apr'22/<br>Apr'22                                  | Mar'23/<br>Mar'23 | Apr'23/<br>Apr'23 | Jan-Apr'22/<br>Jan-Apr'22 | Jan-Apr'23/<br>Jan-Apr'23 | m-to-m                       | y-on-y | c-to-c |
| (1)   | (2)  | (3)               | (4)               | (5)                       | (6)                       | (7)                          | (8)    | (9)    |
| Migas/<br>Oil and gas                           | 183,29   | 172,50            | 181,07            | 557,91                    | 646,38                    | 4,97                         | -1,21  | 15,86  |
| Non Migas/<br>Non-oil and gas                   | 5 958,21   | 7 070,89          | 4 695,09          | 24 878,81                 | 23 332,80                 | -33,60                       | -21,20 | -6,21  |
| Total Impor Jakarta/<br>Total Import of Jakarta | 6 141,50   | 7 243,39          | 4 876,16          | 25 436,72                 | 23 979,18                 | -32,68                       | -20,60 | -5,73  |

**Tabel 2 Impor Jakarta, 2022-2023**  
**Table 2 Imports of Jakarta, 2022-2023**

| Tahun-Bulan<br>Year-Month | Nilai<br>(CIF US\$ Juta)/<br>Value<br>(CIF US\$ Million) | Perubahan (%)/<br>Percentage of Change (%) |  | Kumulatif s.d bulan ini<br>Cumulative                    |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                           |  | Terhadap bulan<br>lalu/<br>Month-to-month  | Terhadap bulan<br>yang sama tahun<br>lalu/Year-on-year | Nilai<br>CIF (US\$ Juta)/<br>Value<br>CIF (US\$ Million) | Perubahan<br>terhadap<br>periode yang<br>sama (%)/<br>Year-on-year (%) |
| (1)                       | (2)  | (3)  | (4)  | (5)  | (6)  |
| <b>2022</b>               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Januari/January           | 6 733,47   | -2,10                                      | 48,90  | 6 733,47   | 48,90  |
| Februari/February         | 5 539,79   | -17,73                                     | 25,65  | 12 273,26  | 37,43  |
| Maret/March               | 7 021,97   | 26,76                                      | 29,20  | 19 295,22  | 34,31  |
| April/April               | 6 141,50   | -12,54                                     | 12,96  | 25 436,72  | 28,45  |
| Mei/May                   | 5 974,56   | -2,72                                      | 33,20  | 31 411,27  | 29,33  |
| Juni/June                 | 6 982,36   | 16,87                                      | 20,72  | 38 393,63  | 27,67  |
| Juli/July                 | 6 749,23   | -3,34                                      | 28,86  | 45 142,86  | 27,85  |
| Agustus/August            | 7 602,21   | 12,64                                      | 35,50  | 52 745,07  | 28,90  |
| September/September       | 6 571,22   | -13,56                                     | 19,27  | 59 316,29  | 27,75  |
| Oktober/October           | 6 394,30   | -2,69                                      | 17,02  | 65 710,59  | 26,62  |
| November/November         | 6 988,13   | 9,29                                       | 9,74   | 72 698,72  | 24,78  |
| Desember/December         | 6 512,02   | -6,81                                      | -5,32  | 79 210,73  | 21,60  |
| <b>2023</b>               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Januari/January           | 6 309,71   | -3,11                                      | -6,29  | 6 309,71   | -6,29  |
| Februari/February         | 5 549,92   | -12,04                                     | 0,18   | 11 859,63  | -3,37  |
| Maret/March               | 7 243,39   | 30,51                                      | 3,15   | 19 103,01  | -1,00  |
| April/April               | 4 876,16   | -32,68                                     | -20,60   | 23 979,18  | -5,73  |

**Tabel 3 Impor Melalui Pelabuhan Muat Jakarta, 2022 - 2023**  
**Table 3 Imports Through Jakarta Ports, 2022 - 2023**

| Tahun-Bulan<br><i>Year-Month</i> | Nilai<br>(CIF US\$ Juta)/<br>Value<br>(CIF US\$ Million) | Perubahan (%)/<br><i>Change (%)</i>              |  | Kumulatif s.d bulan ini<br><i>Cumulative</i>             |   |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|
|                                  |  | Terhadap bulan<br>lalu/<br><i>Month-to-month</i> | Terhadap bulan<br>yang sama tahun<br>lalu/ <i>Year-on-year</i> | Nilai<br>(CIF US\$ Juta)/<br>Value<br>(CIF US\$ Million) | Perubahan<br>terhadap<br>periode yang<br>sama (%)/<br><i>Year-on-year (%)</i> |
| (1)                              | (2)  | (3)  | (4)  | (5)  | (6)   |
| <b>2022</b>                      |  |  |  |  |   |
| Januari/January                  | 9 629,02   | -8,12  | 38,63  | 9 629,02   | 38,63   |
| Februari/February                | 7 574,86   | -21,33   | 12,97  | 17 203,88  | 26,03   |
| Maret/March                      | 10 029,14  | 32,40  | 24,57  | 27 233,02  | 25,49   |
| April/April                      | 7 782,35   | -22,40   | -2,60  | 35 015,36  | 17,93   |
| Mei/May                          | 8 290,32   | 6,53   | 26,82  | 43 305,69  | 19,53   |
| Juni/June                        | 9 564,69   | 15,37  | 14,85  | 52 870,37  | 18,66   |
| Juli/July                        | 9 358,73   | -2,15  | 21,37  | 62 229,10  | 19,06   |
| Agustus/August                   | 10 212,91  | 9,13   | 22,32  | 72 442,01  | 19,51   |
| September/September              | 9 199,78   | -9,92  | 11,12  | 81 641,79  | 18,50   |
| Oktober/October                  | 8 846,58   | -3,84  | 9,89   | 90 488,37  | 17,60   |
| November/November                | 9 306,65   | 5,20   | -1,88  | 99 795,02  | 15,46   |
| Desember/December                | 8 754,74   | -5,93  | -16,47   | 108 549,76   | 12,01   |
| <b>2023</b>                      |  |  |  |  |   |
| Januari/January                  | 8 641,24   | -1,30  | -10,26   | 8 641,24   | -10,26  |
| Februari/February                | 7 596,02   | -12,10   | 0,28   | 16 237,26  | -5,62   |
| Maret/March                      | 9 810,11   | 29,15  | -2,18  | 26 047,36  | -4,35   |
| April/April                      | 6 448,02   | -34,27   | -17,15   | 32 495,38  | -7,20   |

**Tabel 4 Impor Jakarta Menurut Negara Asal Utama, April 2023**  
**Table 4 Imports of Jakarta by Main Origin Countries, April 2023**

| Negara Asal<br>Impor<br>Country<br>Origin of<br>Import           | Nilai (CIF US\$ Juta)/<br>Value (CIF US\$ Million) |                   |                   |                                   |                               | Perubahan (%)/<br>Percentage of<br>Change (%) |               |              | Peran<br>Terhadap<br>Total Apr'23<br>(%)/<br>Share to<br>Apr'23(%) |
|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------|--------------|--|
|  | Apr'22/<br>Apr'22                                  | Mar'23/<br>Mar'23 | Apr'23/<br>Apr'23 | Jan-<br>Apr'22/<br>Jan-<br>Apr'22 | Jan-<br>Apr'23/<br>Jan-Apr'23 | m-to-m  | y-on-y        | c-to-c       |  |
| (1)  | (2)  | (3)               | (4)               | (5)                               | (6)                           | (7)   | (8)           | (9)          | (10)   |
| Tiongkok/<br>China   | 1 993,21   | 2 504,78          | 1 702,38          | 8 650,30                          | 8 125,70                      | -32,03  | -14,59        | -6,06        | 34,91  |
| Jepang/<br>Japan   | 878,90   | 940,61            | 595,53            | 3 476,43                          | 3 264,56                      | -36,69  | -32,24        | -6,09        | 12,21  |
| Thailand/<br>Thailand  | 518,68   | 588,51            | 317,13            | 2 375,75                          | 1 977,95                      | -46,11  | -38,86        | -16,74       | 6,50   |
| Republik<br>Korea/<br>Republic of<br>Korea                       | 341,57   | 425,71            | 312,47            | 1 402,11                          | 1 401,87                      | -26,60  | -8,52         | -0,02        | 6,41   |
| Singapura/<br>Singapore  | 310,92   | 297,78            | 235,41            | 1 168,44                          | 1 036,91                      | -20,95  | -24,29        | -11,26       | 4,83   |
| India/<br>India  | 232,51   | 342,27            | 206,84            | 1 130,19                          | 1 083,56                      | -39,57  | -11,04        | -4,13        | 4,24   |
| Amerika<br>Serikat/<br>USA                                       | 269,68   | 345,77            | 204,92            | 916,42                            | 1 001,69                      | -40,73  | -24,01        | 9,30         | 4,20   |
| Malaysia/<br>Malaysia  | 224,35   | 255,74            | 155,54            | 944,06                            | 829,11                        | -39,18  | -30,67        | -12,18       | 3,19   |
| Australia/<br>Australia  | 232,51   | 238,80            | 151,62            | 698,96                            | 689,51                        | -36,51  | -34,79        | -1,35        | 3,11   |
| Vietnam/<br>Vietnam  | 161,71   | 190,86            | 143,15            | 626,90                            | 668,47                        | -25,00  | -11,48        | 6,63         | 2,94   |
| Total 10<br>Negara/<br>Total of 10<br>Countries                  | 5 164,02   | 6 130,82          | 4 024,99          | 21 389,54                         | 20 079,33                     | -34,35  | -22,06        | -6,13        | 82,54  |
| Lainnya/<br>Others   | 977,47   | 1 112,56          | 851,17            | 4 047,18                          | 3 899,84                      | -23,49  | -12,92        | -3,64        | 17,46  |
| <b>Total Impor<br/>Jakarta/<br/>Total Imports of<br/>Jakarta</b> | <b>6 141,50</b>                                    | <b>7 243,39</b>   | <b>4 876,16</b>   | <b>25 436,72</b>                  | <b>23 979,18</b>              | <b>-32,68</b>                                 | <b>-20,60</b> | <b>-5,73</b> | <b>100,00</b>  |

**Tabel 5 Impor Jakarta Berdasarkan Golongan Barang Utama (HS dua digit), April 2023**  
**Table 5 Imports of Jakarta by Main Commodities Groups (2-digit HS Codes), April 2023**

| Golongan<br>Barang/<br>Commodity<br>Groups  | Nilai (CIF US\$ Juta)/<br>Value (CIF US\$ Million) |                   |                   |                                   |                                   | Perubahan (%)/<br>Percentage of Change (%) |               |              | Peran<br>Terhadap<br>Total<br>Apr'23<br>(%)/<br>Share to<br>Apr'23(%) |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------|---|
|   | Apr22/<br>Apr'22                                   | Mar'23/<br>Mar'23 | Apr'23/<br>Apr'23 | Jan-<br>Apr'22/<br>Jan-<br>Apr'22 | Jan-<br>Apr'23/<br>Jan-<br>Apr'23 | m-to-m                                     | y-on-y        | c-to-c       |   |
| (1)   | (2)  | (3)               | (4)               | (5)                               | (6)                               | (7)  | (8)           | (9)          | (10)  |
| Mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya/<br>Machinery and mechanical appliances and parts thereof (84)    | 1 037,83   | 1 278,03          | 911,30            | 3 831,33                          | 3 575,62                          | -28,69                                     | -12,19        | -6,67        | 18,69   |
| Mesin dan perlengkapan elektrik serta bagiannya/<br>Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof (85) | 616,30   | 761,48            | 530,23            | 1 875,57                          | 1 959,28                          | -30,37                                     | -13,96        | 4,46         | 10,87   |
| Kendaraan dan bagiannya/<br>Vehicles and accessories thereof (87)   | 508,34   | 823,87            | 488,64            | 1 795,05                          | 2 250,28                          | -40,69                                     | -3,88         | 25,36        | 10,02   |
| Besi dan baja/<br>Iron and steel (72)   | 384,89   | 477,26            | 316,14            | 1 359,76                          | 1 246,92                          | -33,76                                     | -17,86        | -8,30        | 6,48  |
| Plastik dan barang dari plastik/<br>Plastics and articles thereof (39)  | 496,58   | 473,78            | 291,39            | 1 581,72                          | 1 259,98                          | -38,50                                     | -41,32        | -20,34       | 5,98  |
| Bahan bakar mineral/Fuels and minerals (27)   | 186,83   | 175,99            | 184,71            | 386,53                            | 475,60                            | 4,95                                       | -1,14         | 23,04        | 3,79  |
| Bahan kimia organik/Organic chemicals (29)  | 210,07   | 217,66            | 134,89            | 722,41                            | 576,42                            | -38,02                                     | -35,79        | -20,21       | 2,76  |
| Berbagai produk kimia/Miscellaneous chemical products (38)  | 149,62   | 146,96            | 103,26            | 458,33                            | 398,98                            | -29,73                                     | -30,99        | -12,95       | 2,12  |
| Susu, mentega, dan telur/Milk, butter, and egg (04)   | 132,44   | 96,37             | 98,40             | 447,00                            | 363,68                            | 2,11                                       | -25,70        | -18,64       | 2,02  |
| Daging hewan/<br>Meat and edible meat offal (02)  | 71,69  | 57,84             | 94,44             | 233,83                            | 242,57                            | 63,28                                      | 31,74         | 3,74         | 1,94  |
| Total 10 Golongan Barang/<br>Total of 10 Commodity Groups   | 3 794,59   | 4 509,22          | 3 153,40          | 12 691,52                         | 12 349,32                         | -30,07                                     | -16,90        | -2,70        | 64,67   |
| Lainnya/Others  | 2 346,90   | 2 734,16          | 1 722,77          | 12 745,20                         | 11 629,86                         | -36,99                                     | -26,59        | -8,75        | 35,33   |
| <b>Total Impor Jakarta/<br/>Total Import of Jakarta</b>   | <b>6 141,50</b>                                    | <b>7 243,39</b>   | <b>4 876,16</b>   | <b>25 436,72</b>                  | <b>23 979,18</b>                  | <b>-32,68</b>                              | <b>-20,60</b> | <b>-5,73</b> | <b>100,00</b>   |

**Tabel 6 Impor Komoditas Utama Jakarta Menurut Golongan Penggunaan Barang (BEC), April 2023**  
**Table 6 Imports of Jakarta Main Commodities by Broad Economic Categories (BEC), April 2023**

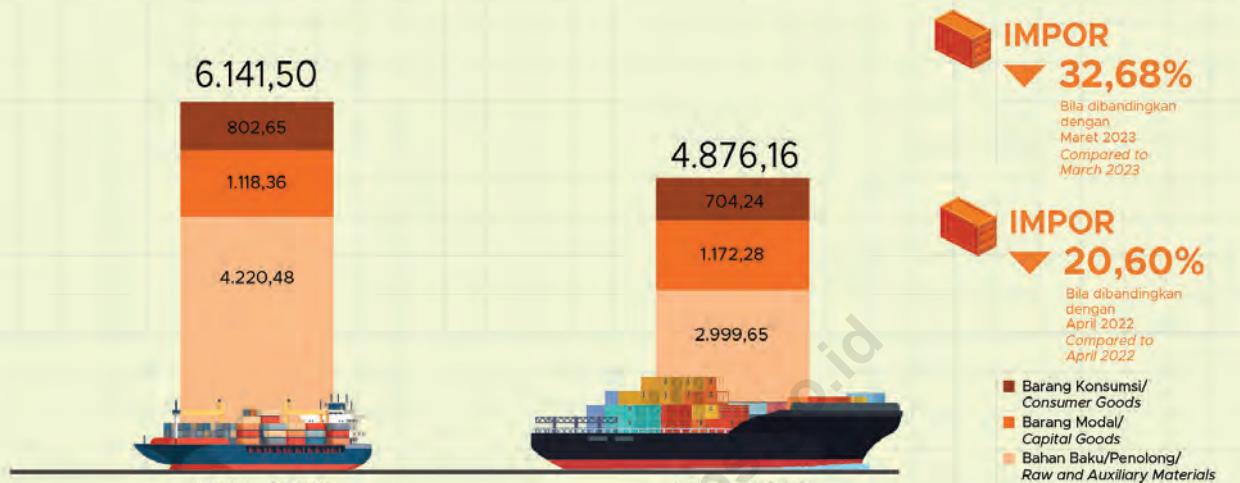
| Komoditas/Commodities  | Nilai (CIF Juta US\$)<br>Value (CIF Million US\$) |                   | Perubahan (%)<br>Apr'23 thdp<br>Mar'23/<br>Percentage of<br>change (%)<br>month-to-month |
|--|---|-------------------|--|
|  | Apr'23/<br>Apr'23                                 | Mar'23/<br>Mar'23 |  |
| (1)  | (2)   | (3)               | (4)  |
| Barang Konsumsi/<br><i>Consumption Goods</i>   | 902,27  | 704,24            | -21,95   |
| Daging hewan/<br><i>Meat and edible meat offal (02)</i>  | 94,43   | 57,84             | 63,26  |
| Susu, mentega, dan telur/<br><i>Milk, butter, and egg (04)</i>   | 51,59   | 50,65             | 1,85   |
| Berbagai makanan olahan/<br><i>Miscellaneous edible preparations (21)</i>  | 47,30   | 62,32             | -24,09   |
| Buah-buahan/<br><i>Vegetables (07)</i>   | 43,78   | 46,56             | -5,97  |
| Mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya/<br><i>Machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof (84)</i>                 | 36,52   | 66,88             | -45,40   |
| Barang Modal/<br><i>Capital Goods</i>  | 1 879,31  | 1 172,28          | -37,62   |
| Mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya/<br><i>Machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof (84)</i>                 | 586,06  | 790,36            | -25,85   |
| Kendaraan dan bagiannya/<br><i>Vehicles and accessories thereof (87)</i>   | 257,12  | 462,85            | -44,45   |
| Mesin dan perlengkapan elektrik serta bagiannya/<br><i>Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof (85)</i>             | 219,29  | 286,69            | -23,51   |
| Instrumen optik, fotografi, sinematografi, dan medis/<br><i>Optical, photographic, cinematographic, medical instruments (90)</i> | 75,26   | 107,73            | -30,14   |
| Perabotan, lampu, dan alat penerangan/<br><i>Furniture, lamps and lighting fittings (94)</i>                                     | 8,43  | 10,90             | -22,70   |
| Bahan Baku/Penolong/<br><i>Intermediate Goods</i>  | 4 461,80  | 2 999,65          | -32,77   |
| Besi dan baja/<br><i>Iron and steel (72)</i>   | 316,14  | 477,26            | -33,76   |
| Mesin dan peralatan mekanis serta bagiannya/<br><i>Machinery and mechanical appliances and part thereof (84)</i>                 | 288,72  | 420,79            | -31,39   |
| Mesin dan perlengkapan elektrik serta bagiannya/<br><i>Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof (85)</i>             | 274,84  | 417,24            | -34,13   |
| Plastik dan barang dari plastik/<br><i>Plastics and articles thereof (39)</i>  | 271,80  | 445,83            | -39,04   |
| Kendaraan dan bagiannya/<br><i>Vehicles and accessories thereof (87)</i>   | 219,10  | 328,08            | -33,22   |

# PERKEMBANGAN IMPOR DKI JAKARTA, APRIL 2023



## Performance of Import in DKI Jakarta, April 2023

Berita Resmi Statistik No. 36/06/31/Th. XXV, 5 Juni 2023/ 5 June 2023



### IMPOR JAKARTA APRIL 2022–APRIL 2023 / IMPORTS OF JAKARTA IN APRIL 2022–APRIL 2023



#### IMPOR MELALUI PELABUHAN MUAT JAKARTA/ IMPORTS THROUGH PORTS OF JAKARTA

APRIL 2022–APRIL 2023



#### IMPOR MIGAS/ IMPORTS OF OIL AND GAS

APRIL 2023

|                |        |  |                |          |  |
|----------------|--------|--|----------------|----------|--|
| SINGAPURA      | 117,94 |  | TIONGKOK       | 1.671,18 |  |
| TONGKOK        | 31,20  |  | JEPANG         | 593,61   |  |
| MALAYSIA       | 16,49  |  | THAILAND       | 315,55   |  |
| REPUBLIK KOREA | 5,66   |  | REPUBLIK KOREA | 306,81   |  |

**BADAN PUSAT STATISTIK  
PROVINSI DKI JAKARTA**  
BPS-STATISTICS OF DKI JAKARTA PROVINCE  
<https://www.jakarta.bps.go.id>

Gambar 1 Infografis Perkembangan Impor DKI Jakarta, April 2023  
Figure 1 Infographic of The Import Performance in DKI Jakarta, April 2023



http://jakarta.bps.go.id

**Tim Penyusun/The Production Team:**  
Penanggungjawab Teknis/Technical Chief (Feri Prasetyo Nugroho)  
Penyunting/Editor (Qurratul Aini)  
Penulis/Writer (Rika Dwi Puspita Sari)  
Penerjemah/Translator (Rika Dwi Puspita Sari, Hastanti Sukoco Putri)  
Pengolah Data/Data Processing (Rika Dwi Puspita Sari)  
Infografis/Infographic (Hastanti Sukoco Putri)





# DATA

## MENCERDASKAN BANGSA

*Enlighten The Nation*

Untuk informasi lebih lanjut silakan hubungi:  
For more information please contact:



**Feri Prasetyo Nugroho**

Ketua Tim Statistik Distribusi  
BPS Provinsi DKI Jakarta  
*Head of Distribution Statistics Team of  
BPS-Statistics of DKI Jakarta Province*

📞 (021) 37928493  
✉️ ferip@bps.go.id

Konten Berita Resmi Statistik dilindungi oleh Undang-Undang, hak cipta melekat pada Badan Pusat Statistik. Dilarang mengumumkan, mendistribusikan, mengomunikasikan, dan/atau menggandakan sebagian atau seluruh isi tulisan ini untuk tujuan komersial tanpa izin tertulis dari Badan Pusat Statistik.

*Official Statistics News content is protected by law, copyright is attached to the BPS-Statistics Indonesia. It is prohibited to publish, distribute, communicate, and/or reproduce part or all of the contents of this paper for commercial purposes without written permission from the BPS-Statistics Indonesia.*



**BADAN PUSAT STATISTIK  
PROVINSI DKI JAKARTA  
STATISTICS DKI JAKARTA**

Jl. Salemba Tengah No. 36-38 Jakarta Pusat, 10440, Telp : (021) 37928493  
Homepage : <http://www.jakarta.bps.go.id>; E-mail : [jakarta@bps.go.id](mailto:jakarta@bps.go.id)

ISSN 2797-0183

